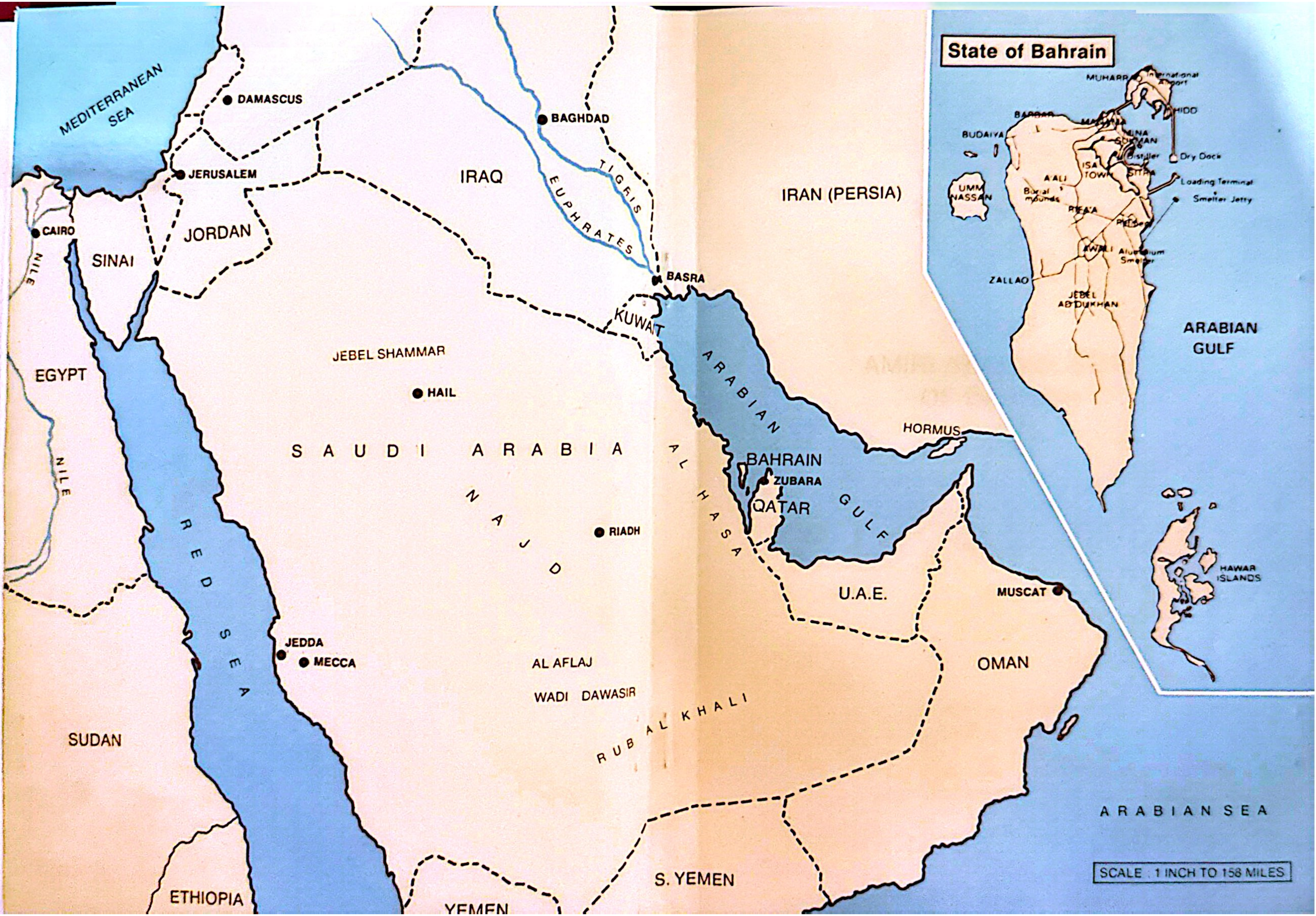
المربط الأميري - تربية الخيول العربية الأصيلة

The Amiri Arabian Stud Of Bahrain

To Ysa, in remembrance of our first home, Sitan – when it all started in 1964,

Danan
March 11, 1981



MEDITERRANEAN SEA
DAMASCUS
BAGHDAD
JERUSALEM
IRAQ
IRAN (PERSIA)
TIGRIS
EUPHRATES
CAIRO
SINAI
JORDAN
NILE
BASRA
KUWAIT
JEBEL SHAMMAR
EGYPT
HAIL
ARABIAN GULF
HORMUS
SAUDI ARABIA
AL HASA
BAHRAIN
ZUBARA
QATAR
NAJD
RIADH
RED SEA
U.A.E.
MUSCAT
JEDDA
MECCA
AL AFLAJ
WADI DAWASIR
OMAN
RUB AL KHALI
SUDAN
S. YEMEN
ETHIOPIA
State of Bahrain
HIDD
BUDAIYA
Dry Dock
ISA TOWN
A'ALI
Loading Terminal
UMM NASSAN
Burial mounds
Smelter Jetty
AWALI
ZALLAQ
JEBEL AD DUKHAN
ARABIAN GULF
HAWAR ISLANDS
ARABIAN SEA
SCALE : 1 INCH TO 158 MILES

THE AMIRI ARABIAN STUD OF BAHRAIN

Volume 1

Compiled by : Danah Al Khalifa

Edited by : Richard Silvey MRCVS and
Mariam bint Isa Al Khalifa

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Horse Legends by : Hasan bin Salah Al Ruway

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To H.H. Shaikh Isa bin Sulman my sincerest thanks for allowing us to select from his stables some of the heirlooms of the Al Khalifa family for the creation of The Amiri Arabian Stud. His Highness showed great tolerance during our selection and infinite patience while we shifted horses between his Royal Stud stables and the Amiri Arabian Stud facility.

I also wish to thank Shaikh Hamed bin Isa for his support and encouragement for the publication of this first studbook for posterity.



SHAIKH HAMED BIN ISA AL KHALIFA
THE HEIR APPARENT

منظمة الحصان العربى الدولية

فى هذا العصر المتميز بسيطرة الآلة على الانسان هناك الكثير من الناس فى مختلف أرجاء العالم ممن يقلق على مستقبل أخلص رفيق للانسان ألا وهو الحصان العربى . ففى عام ١٩٦٧ اجتمع نفر من هؤلاء الناس يمثلون تسع دول واتفقوا على ضرورة تأسيس مؤسسة عالمية لحماية وتشجيع السلالة العربية فى جميع الأقطار . وفى عام ١٩٧٠ تأسست منظمة الحصان العربى الدولية وقد حضر أناس من مختلف بقاع الدنيا يوحدهم حبهم للحصان العربى ويتحدثون بلغات شتى لذلك برزت الحاجة لاختيار لغة واحدة يفهمها غالبية المهتمين لذلك فقد وقع الاختيار على اللغة الانجليزية . انضمت البحرين الى منظمة الحصان العربى الدولية عام ١٩٧٦ . ولكى تصبح دولة ما عضواً فى هذه المنظمة فان المتطلبات هى تقديم سجلات مدونة لتربية السلالات العربية للخيل بالاضافة الى نشر رسمى لكتاب أنساب الخيل بالانجليزية .

This studbook will be maintained in compliance with the rules and regulations of The World Arabian Horse Organisation.

Allah hath blessed Bahrain
in abundance,
And clothed her in finest raiment.
Know ye there existeth a mare
Swift
With highborne silken tail
Broad and level of croup
With rounded hip and short back
The length of thumb and forefinger;
Not thumb and longfinger.
Her stride swalloweth the distance
Yet her canter becometh
a soft cushion.
She standeth high over the earth,
Deep of girth and
Lean of flank as the bounding saluki.
Long is her neck which joineth
A delicate throat.
Her large head flexeth with ease
Yea, it is likened unto a rich
merchant's safe.
How exquisite her ears
Pointed as a date flower bud.
A comely blaze enhanceth her
smooth cheeks
And generous mouth,
And long black lashes
Fringe her great eyes which are
Likened to those of the desert oryx.
Know that ye must bridle her
With a sizeable and strong bit.
Nine points hath she wide !
Her nostrils flareth when
She gathereth the wind to her.
Her chest is power;
The grace and strength of
her shoulders
Astonisheth the eye.
Allah! Like a gazelle
Alert
She leaps from danger's path.
Her round jet-hued hooves
Ravisheth the earth
Yet the desert taketh delight
Wheresoever they treadeth.
Behold her short pasterns
Spanneth but four fingers;
Indeed Allah hath fashioned
her forelimbs
In His perfect way.
She standeth high from earth to hock
To hip
And broad are her buttocks.
Her shapeliness beareth testimony to
Allah's enduring blessing
For her master attendeth her
Even before he meet his own needs.
Lo she descendeth from nobility.
A dark bay
Her colour affirmeth an
ancient heritage.
She exemplifieth that which
is called beautiful.
This daughter
Born in Awal.
Praise be to Allah
The Shaikh's ancestors
Hath bestowed upon him
The Treasure of Ages.

Classic poem written by Salim Abdulla Haj in late 1860 for the ruler of Bahrain at the time.



awafa 264

CONTENTS

ILLUSTRATIONS

Photos by D. Al Khalifa unless otherwise indicated.

Miniatures by Colin Buchanon and Maladkar.



Dahman II

PREFACE

Where does one start writing a pedigree on animals, whose merits have been extolled through the centuries by Western writers and through Eastern legends? One likes to think that there was no beginning and there will be no end to these legendary animals called Arabian horses. Some writers try to prove scientifically that the Arabian is really not of Arab origin at all – while other writers try desperately to turn legends into historical proof. Both may be right and both may be wrong – we will not concern ourselves with either problem – but here in the beginning we would like to relate the old Arab legend of the origin of their horses; "Benat El Khams" – the daughters of the five.

King Suleiman bin Daud (Solomon son of David), who was the greatest horse owner in his days, spent too much time admiring his horses. Every day he had them paraded for him. He admired them to such an extent that he had no time for his prayers. Then one day he realised that in the time spent with his horses he had completely forgotton to worship God. Repenting and wanting to make up with God for his neglect, King Suleiman ordered all his horses to be killed. Five mares, one of them in foal, escaped the slaughter to the desert, where the mare gave birth to a colt foal. When the colt grew up he mated with the other mares and from these horses descend the pure (asil) breed of horse.

The five mares were; Kuheilah, Obeyah, Dahmeh, Shuwaimeh and Saqlawieh. They received their names in this manner; one mare had very dark lined eyes, like women who paint their eyelids with kohl, so she was called KOHEILAH. One when running, carried her tail so high it looked like an abbah (cloak) so she was called OBEYAH. One was very dark (duhm) in colour so she was called DAHMEH. One had a birthmark (shama) on her neck so she was called SHUWAIMEH. And one had a way of kicking (saqla) her heels in the air when galloping, so she was called SAQLAWIEH.

At some point horse legends will eventually come to an end – and that is – when horses become numbers only in someone's written records. Sad, yet necessary. We in Bahrain would like to think that with our written records we will have a new beginning; to revive interest in this most precious of ancient breed of horse, called The Arabian.

Danah AlKhalifa

Danah Al Khalifa
Bahrain August 18th 1978

At the turn of this century



Shaikh Hamed Bin Isa   Shaikh Isa Bin Ali   Shaikh Sulman Bin Hamed

Introduction to Studbook for Amiri Arabian Stud of Bahrain

To write a history of the Arabian horses of Bahrain today, it is essential to compile a short history of the ruling Al-Khalifa family, as the two are synonymous. The family descend from the great Anaza tribe and count Al-Haddar, South Najd in Central Arabia, as their ancestral home.

In early 17th century, the plain of Al-Haddar, East of Al-Afflage Ridge and near Wadi Al-Dowaseer, was full of villages and gardens inhabited by the Jumailah-Wail branch of the Anaza tribe. In about the year 1670 A.D. differences took place among the members of the clans, which resulted in the separation and migration of a division thereof. In this division were the ancestors of the Al-Khalifa, Al-Sabah, Al-Fadhel and Al-Jalahma, and their other kinsmen and supporters who migrated with them.

Migration brought them to the East Coast and the Gulf Region. Various other tribesmen joined them and all formed a united confederacy and called themselves by the name of Al-Utub. Consequently they were known as Banu-Utuba. Unions of this kind were common among the different tribes in Arabia and when such greater confederacies were formed, all the tribes, clans or individuals felt as if they were members of one common ancestor. From Al Hasa province the Banu-Utub went to Qatar Peninsula and settled in Freha in the year 1672 and from there they made their first brief occupation of Bahrain in 1700.

Around the year 1708 they settled and founded the city of Kuwait. The founder of the present Al-Khalifa family was known as Shaikh Khalifa bin Mohammed, who left after his death a son, Shaikh Mohammed bin Khalifa.

In mid 18th century the Al-Khalifa, led by Shaikh Mohammed bin Khalifa, parted from their cousins the Al-Sabah, the present ruling family of Kuwait. Returning South, they established the fortified settlement of Zubara on the North West coast of Qatar. In 1768 Shaikh Mohammed completed the building of his fort in Zubara and called it Sabha, which means dawn. After his death, his eldest son Khalifa succeeded him as Shaikh of Zubara. In his time Zubara expanded and flourished, especially after the destruction of El-Basra in Southern Iraq, when numerous merchants emigrated from Basra and settled in Zubara. Al-Basra was sacked by Sadiq Khan El-Zandy, brother of Karim Khan, the ruler of Persia.

In 1783 Shaikh Nasser bin Mathcoor, the Governor of Bahrain and Abu-Shohar, attacked Zubara. It is said that most probably the fear of the new state's growth, and the competition in pearl fishing areas and in commercial

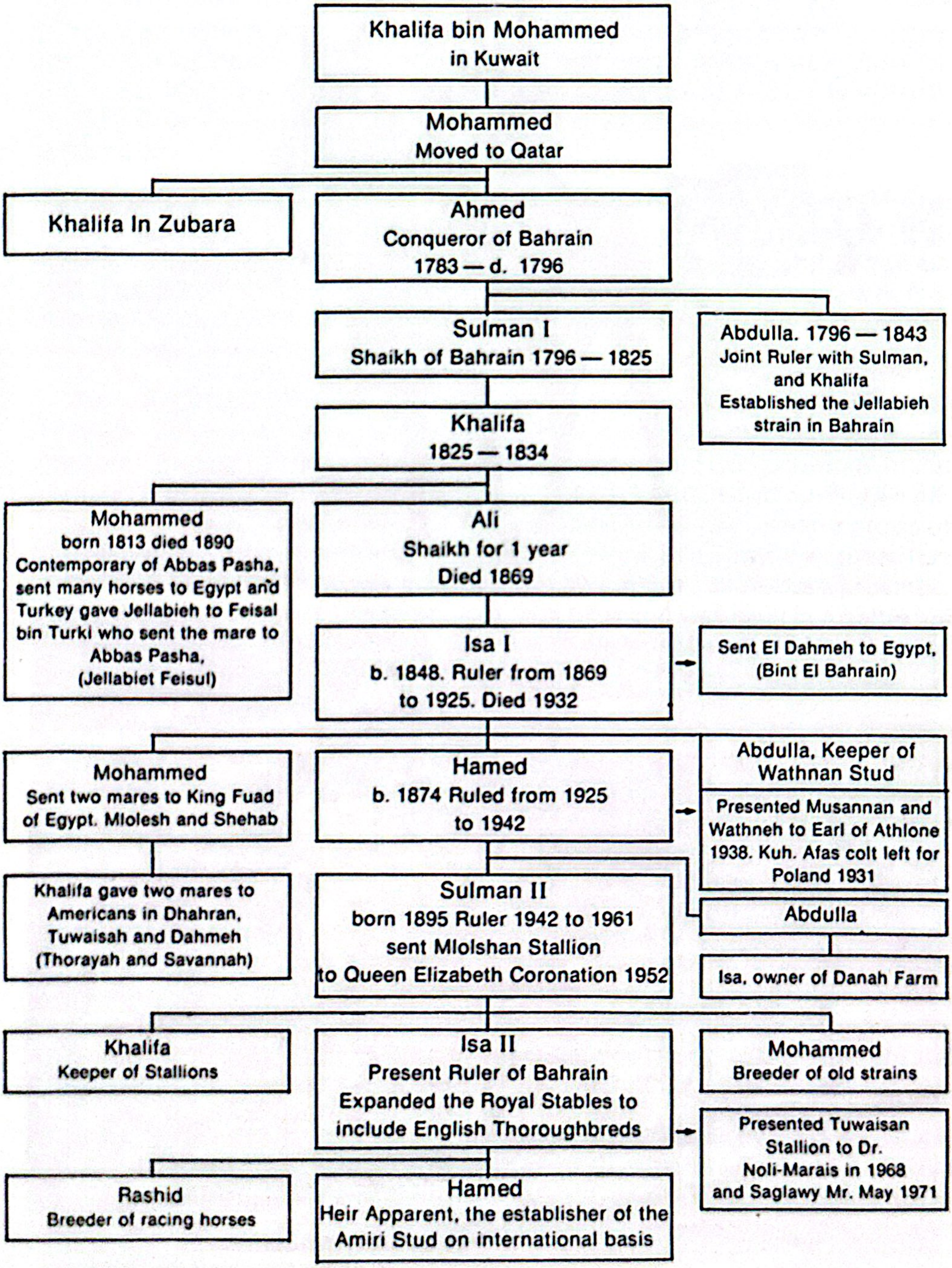
activity led him to action. At that time Shaikh Khalifa was away in Mecca on pilgrimage and his brother Shaikh Ahmed was in charge of the cause of Zubara. Nasser bin Mathcoor lost the battle at Zubara and Shaikh Ahmed with his followers pursued the defeated army and seized Awal. Awal is the old name for the island of Bahrain. Shaikh Khalifa died in Mecca on his pilgrimage, whereupon Shaikh Ahmed became the first Al-Khalifa ruler of the Bahrain Islands.

Modern history of Bahrain is very much alive today starting with Shaikh Ahmed the Conqueror. For the next half a century many battles were fought on land and sea between the Shaikhs of Bahrain and the Sultans of Muscat. They also fought with their Najdi brethren of the Wahabe sect, and their former ally Rahma Al-Jalahma who had become a notorious sea pirate in the Gulf. Shaikh Ahmed died around 1796 and was succeeded by his sons Sulman and Abdulla, who ruled jointly until 1825 when Sulman died. Abdulla later ruled jointly with his nephew Khalifa bin Sulman, until the latter's death in 1834. Khalifa's son Mohammed, born in 1813, was perhaps one of the most colourful personalities in his time. He was associated with his granduncle Shaikh Abdulla in the Shaikship, then made war on Abdulla and was expelled from Bahrain. Shaikh Abdulla established the Kuheilat Jellaby strain of horse in Bahrain and during his reign they multiplied. Mohammed bin Khalifa then invaded Bahrain in 1843 and drove out his granduncle Abdulla who settled in Arabia proper and founded the Al-Abdulla branch of the family. Shaikh Mohammed was a contemporary of Abbas Pasha of Egypt and it was he who sent many mares of the Jellaby and Dahman strain to Abbas Pasha. Perhaps Shaikh Mohammed was not a popular ruler, because he had to flee from Bahrain and his brother Ali became the new Shaikh. Shaikh Ali reigned for only one year, as his brother Mohammed, with his followers, invaded Bahrain again to seize power. A battle on horseback was fought on Rufa hill where Ali was killed. Alas, Shaikh Mohammed was not accepted as the new Shaikh, was expelled again and died in the Hijaz in 1890. He left 26 sons.

The following family tree shows the paramount Shaikh of each generation and those members closely associated with a particular horse.

* * *

THE AL-KHALIFA FAMILY TREE





Shaikh Abdulla Bin Isa



'Walking the plank into a dhow'

Under the strong and wise Al-Khalifa rulers, Bahrain prospered and grew to be the centre for the pearl diving industry. Situated near the coast of Arabia proper, yet isolated from it as a group of islands, it often became a sanctuary for tribal Shaikhs and their mares at times of warfare on the mainland. According to old tribal system, all horses belonged to the ruling Shaikh, who traditionally kept a sizeable stud. This is a custom which has been kept up until present day.

It would be impossible to state the exact year when certain strains of horses first appeared with the Al-Khalifa. Some strains have been with the family for as far back as their history is known, while others were acquired later by certain rulers as is well remembered or documented. Battle lore in Bahrain is rich in describing the Al-Khalifa horses — many mares became famous in these battles for their fire and stamina.

The last battle on horseback to be fought on Bahrain soil took place in 1869 when Mohammed bin Khalifa invaded the island with his army from the mainland, and was met at Rufa hill by his half-brother Ali and his horsemen. In the ensuing battle many brave horses and men were killed including Shaikh Ali. The last horses to leave Bahrain for war purposes left in 1928, when a group of horses, among them three mares; Dahmeh, Jellabieh and Obeyah were sent on request to Fahad bin Abdulla Al-Jiluwi, the son of Emir of Al-Hasa province. Fahad fought a campaign against the Ajman tribe and was slain in a battle full of treachery and intrigue. History does not relate what became of these three Bahrain fighting mares.

With the advent of the motor car and peaceful life in general, the Bahrain warmare could have gradually disappeared, but the family tradition of horses was very strong and pride in her ensured that she survive. Her nimbleness of foot was tested in pageants and mock battles, and her stamina was proven in long distance informal races.

In the past, some individual mares of certain strains became famous for their courage, speed and stamina on the battlefield. Consequently they were much coveted and appreciated if presented as a gift. Through the inherent generosity of the Arab people, many of these mares exchanged hands frequently. As a matter of honour each Shaikh would give of his best and only good mares were thus exchanged. Today, the descendants of some of the famous mares are still treasured more than others from less renowned strains.

Some stallions also attained more prominence than others by their exhibitional behaviour, carriage, spirit and soundness — particularly when chosen by an important Shaikh as his personal mount. They were much sought after as studs, while other stallions equally good yet less legendary would soon fade from memory.

Selection of stud stallions is done by bloodline, performance and conformation. Once a stallion is tested on a few mares and the progeny are up to standard, he will stand at stud for the rest of his life. No stallion is tried before full maturity, at the age of 7 years or more. Relatively few stallions are allowed to breed and the excess stallions are used for racing, gifts and police mounts. In recent years it has been the practice to geld the majority of colts before they are given to local people as pleasure riding horses.

No outside stallion is directly used for stud purposes. New blood is introduced indirectly by the highcaste mares received or exchanged with other Shaikhs from the interior of Arabia. When these mares are bred to local stallions, their progeny or grand-progeny will sometimes qualify as studs.

The different strains or families of Arab horses are perpetuated through the mares, offspring always taking the dam's name regardless of the stallion's strain. Although all the strains found in Bahrain are equally pure,stud horses are chosen only from the strains deemed most noble. The word 'noble' here is the nearest equivalent to the Arab word 'asil' and does not convey the exact meaning. All tribes recognise the inherent nobility of certain strains but the preference for some strains over others varied from tribe to tribe.

It was the custom in Central Arabia for the prominent Shaikhs to keep stud horses from a few selected strains only, but in some tribes after repeated breeding of these stallions with mares of a 'new' strain, the progeny of the latter gradually gained acceptance as studs. In general, once a stallion has been chosen to stand as stud, his strain becomes unimportant. The fact that he is chosen is the guarantee of his nobility.

In Bahrain a new generation's tribal Shaikh would often favour a different strain to his predecessor and would increase horses of his favourite family line. However, the ancient revered lines maintained their supremacy in the long run, although unfortunately one or two of them have disappeared.

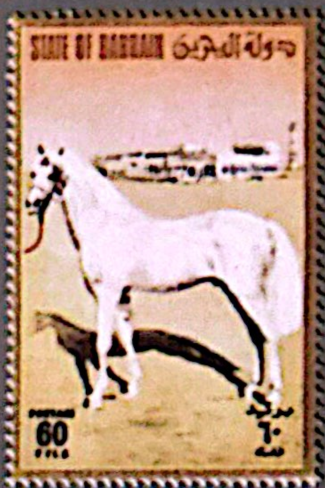
Until late 1975 the broodmares were kept at three different locations, each separate breeding place being the domain of one stud stallion. The mares were rotated among the studs to avoid inbreeding too closely. Although the majority of the horses are related through the stud stallions, no deliberate incest-breeding is practiced.

In the past no official written records were kept. The stud stallions were so few in number that their pedigrees were of common knowledge. The breeding of the mares who were circulated amongst the stallions was only of importance as far as their strain was concerned. After the death of the old studmaster in charge, from 1942 to 1974, registering each purebred became a necessity. As had been the practice of old, 'may the fittest survive', registering of new foals is done at the end of each year. After the decision in 1975 to cut down the ancient herd, up to date records have been kept of breeding and foaling dates.

STALLIONS DEPICTED IN 1975 STAMPS



KRUSHAN



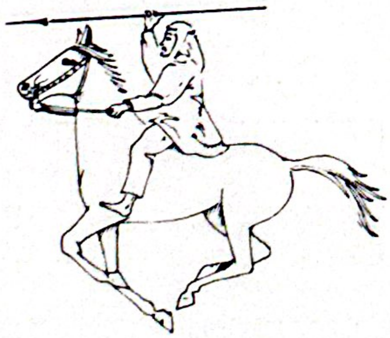
JELLABY II



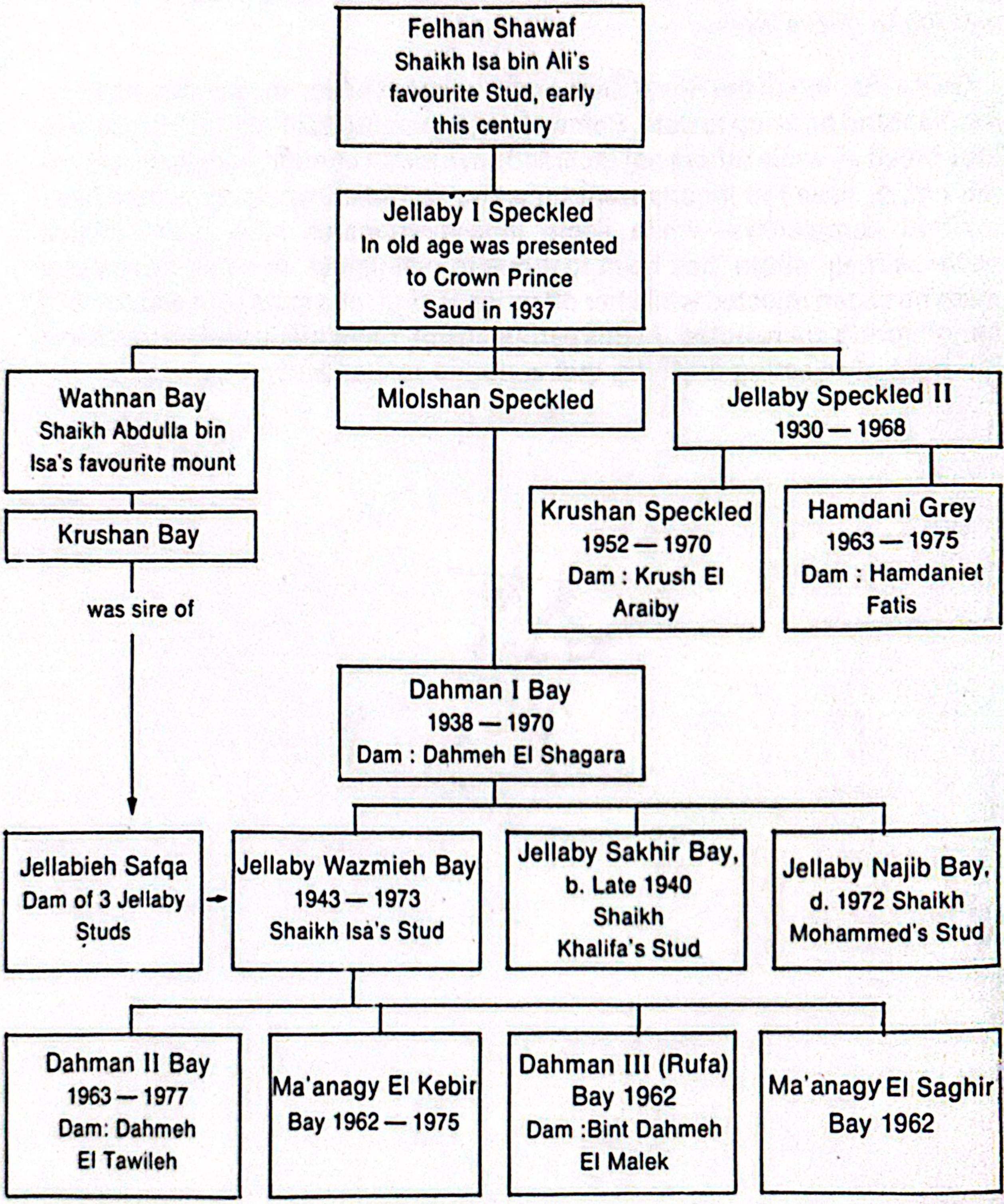
HAMDANY 71

In 1961 at the time of Shaikh Sulman's death, there were three stallions at stud; Old Dahman 1, Jellaby II Speckled and Jellaby Wazmiah. In our records some older mares have no sire listed; we prefer to leave it so rather than indulge in guess work.

Only a fraction of the Royal Stud Arab mares have been included in the Amiri Arabian stud book up to date. Some of these mares are still 'on trial' to see how they breed — while others not included have minor conformation faults, or are too old, or have too inconsistent breeding records. Some strains have been omitted completely — while some individual mares have been omitted because their 'strain' has been lost due to nicknames. In some instances a mare has been rejected while her offspring is kept, or a mare kept and some of her offspring are rejected. At this early stage of registration we like to reserve the right of rejecting anything that is not up to standard.

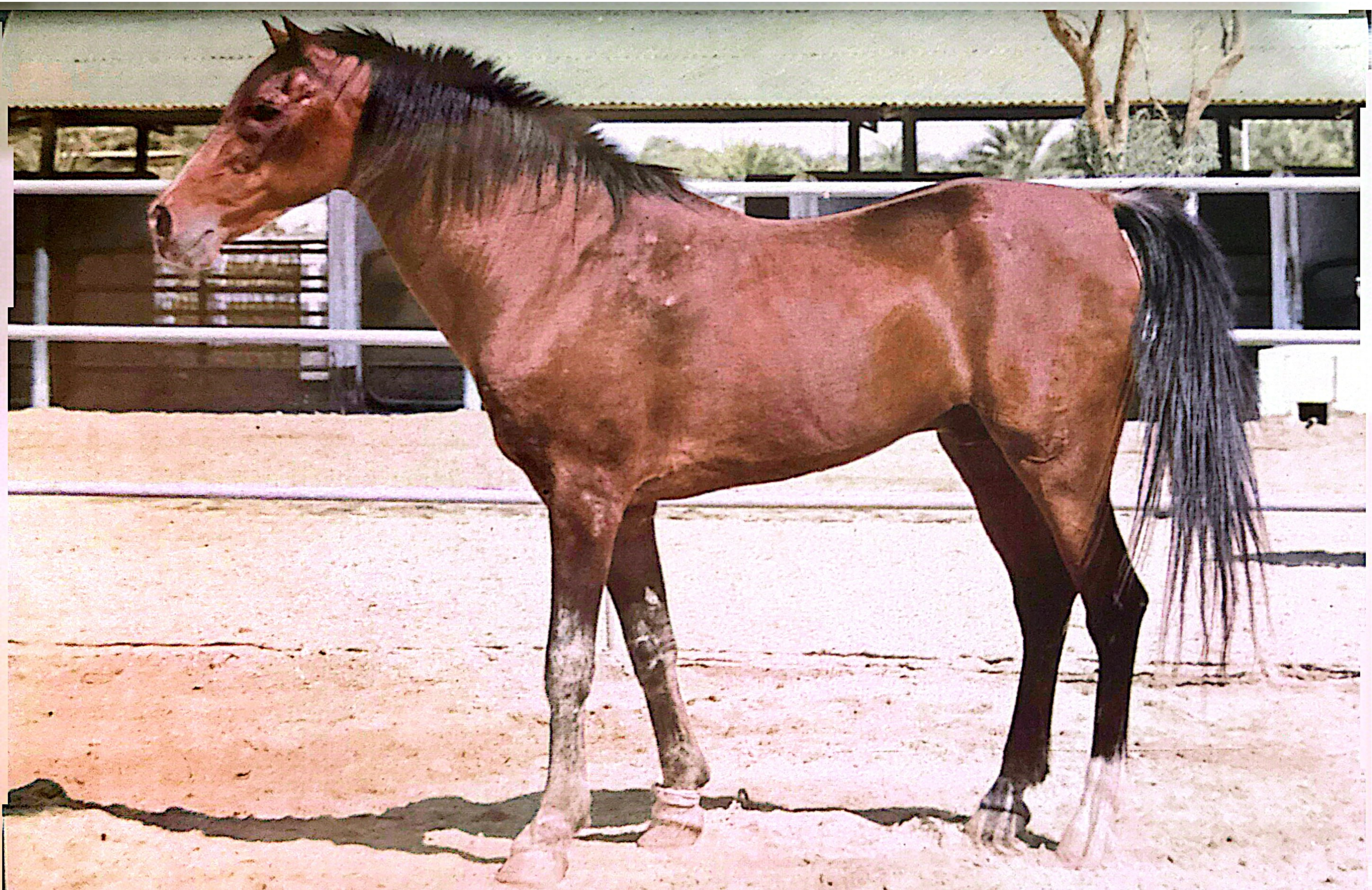


THE BASIC STALLIONS USED FOR STUD SINCE EARLY THIS CENTURY

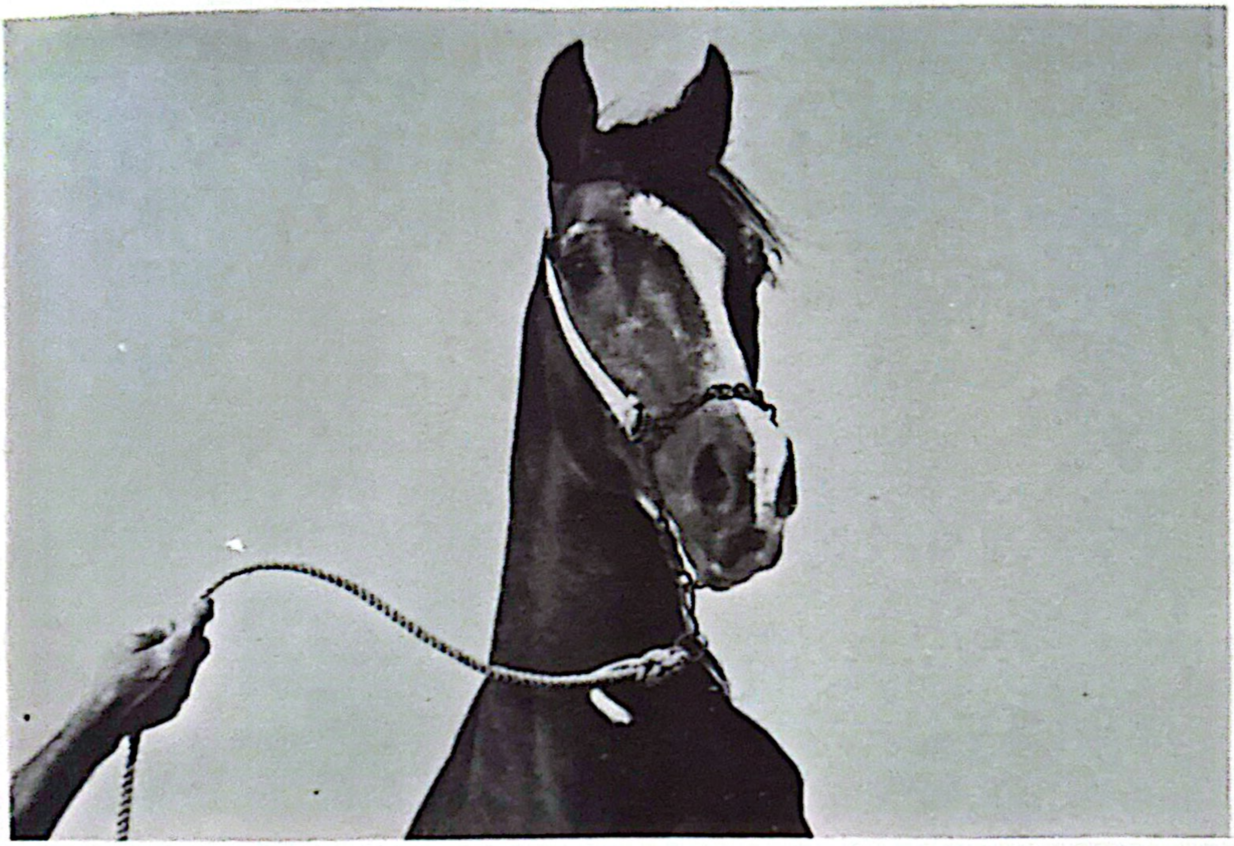


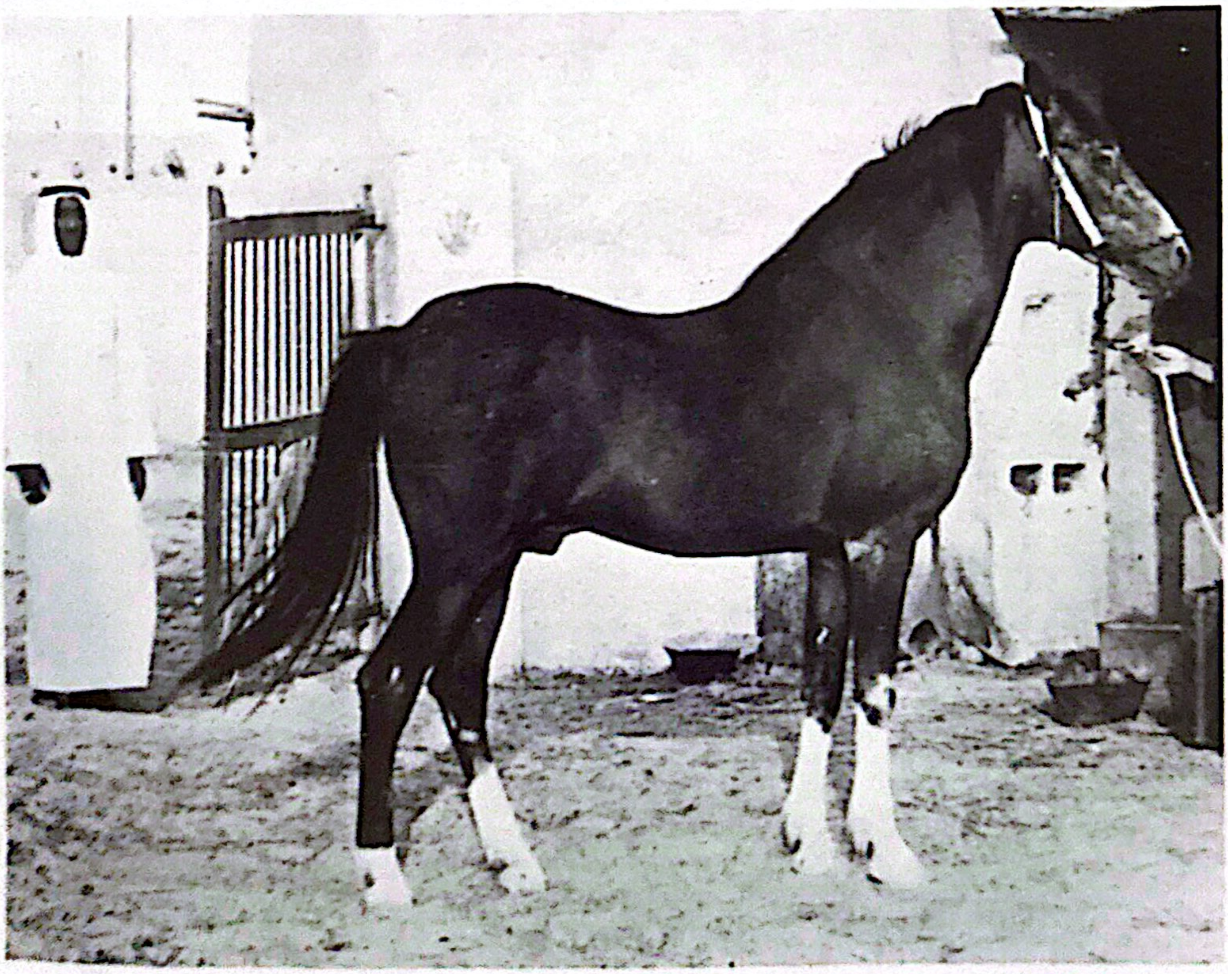
Other Stallions of old strains who were used but not shown on this pedigree prior to 1960 : Rabdan and Obeyan.

Old Stallions birth year are only approximate



Jellaby Sakhir - after thirty in 1980





Old Dahman



Jellaby Wazmiah in old age



Dahman 296

DAHMEH

The Dahmeh strain, historically the best known horse family in Bahrain, was prolific and famous in the 19th century, but had diminished to one mare in 1928. Bahrain lost the strain briefly when this mare was sent to Fahad bin Abdulla Al-Jiluwi for his pacification campaign against the Ajman tribe. When King Abdul Aziz Al-Saud heard of the loss of El Dahmeh, he promptly sent a replacement to Shaikh Sulman bin Hamed, who was very fond of the Dahmeh strain. The mare was called in Bahrain Dahmeh El Malek. Another replacement was sent by Shaikh Abdulla Jasaim Al-Thani of Qatar, Dahmeh El Shagara.

Dahmeh El Malek was mated to one of Shaikh Hamed's stallions and gave birth to a filly; Bint Dahmeh El Malek, and then she was sent to Shaikh Ahmed bin Jaber of Kuwait.

Dahmeh El Shagara was a good producer, but unfortunately only two of her female descendants remain today.

Dahman II — (born 1962 — died 1977) served at stud since 1968 until his accidental death in 1977. His dam Dahmeh Tawile was the daughter of Dahmeh El Shagara.

Dahmeh El Hamra Nr. 23 — Mare

Colour : Bright Bay
Born : 1965
Sire : Old Dahman I
Dam : Bint Dahmeh El Shagara

Head : Blaze, extending to muzzle and left nostril.
Flesh mark lower lip right side.
LF : Halfcannon higher inside.
LH : Fetlock, ermine marks.
RF : Cannon higher inside, ermine marks.
RH : Fetlock.

Dahman III (Rufa) Nr. 231 — Stallion

Colour : Dark Bay
Born : 1961
Sire : Jellaby Wazmiah
Dam : Bint Dahmeh El Malek

Head : Small star, snip between nostrils.
LF : Half fetlock
LH : Coronet
RF : Half pastern, ermine marks
RH : Half pastern

Bint Dahmeh El Hamra Nr. 273 — Mare

Colour : Bay
Born : July 27, 1976
Sire : Dahman II
Dam : Dahmeh El Hamra Nr. 23

Head : Small star, snip left nostril.
LF : White to just below knee, black spot outside coronet.
LH : One third cannon, black spot inside coronet.
RF : Fetlock
RH : One third cannon, black spot outside coronet.

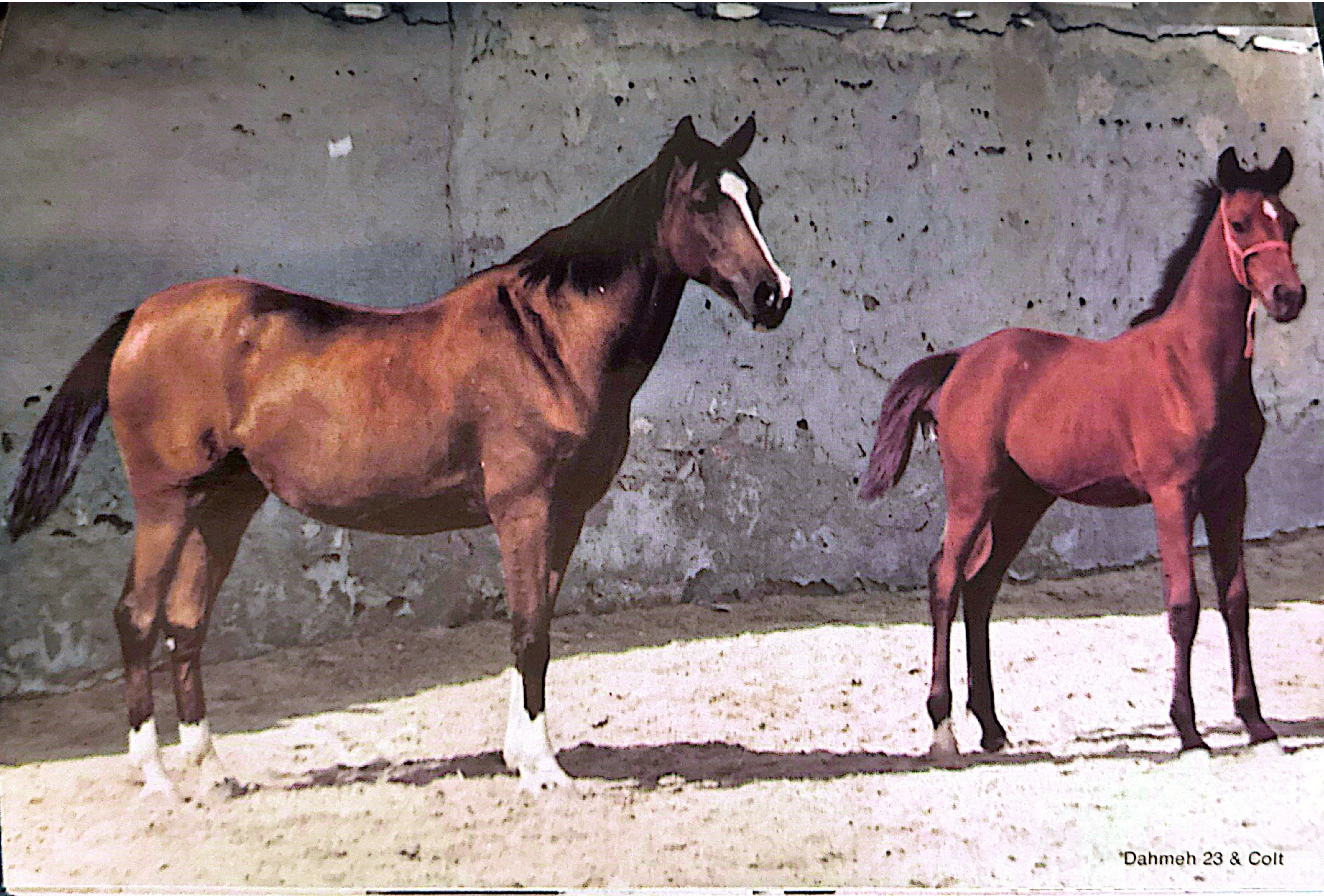
Dahman El Ahmar Nr. 296 — Stallion

Colour	: Bay	Head	: Star
Born	: February 20, 1978	LF	: None
Sire	: Ma'anagy El Saghir Nr. 300	LH	: Coronet inside only
Dam	: Dahmeh El Hamra Nr. 23	RF	: None
		RH	: Pastern

Dahman Nr. 311 — Stallion

Colour	: Bay	Head	: Median whorl upper eye level.
Born	: May 12, 1979	LF	: Fetlock inside and back only.
Sire	: Ma'anagy El Saghir Nr. 300	LH	: Fetlock inside and back only.
Dam	: Dahmeh Nr. 23	RF	: None
		RH	: Fetlock





Dahmeh 23 & Colt

HADFAH

The Hadfah family is derived from the Obeyah strain. The original mare was Obeyah Um El Ardaf; literally Obeyah mother of more than two riders on her back. In a long ago lost battle, now forgotton, an Obeyah mare carried not only her own master on her back but also two other men whose mounts had been killed from under them. They had jumped on her back one by one and she had carried them all to safety. The Hadfah today descend from one mare brought to Shaikh Hamed bin Isa in the late 1920's from the Shaikh of Qatar.

Hadfah Nr. 159 — Mare

Colour : Bright Bay
Born : 1962
Sire : Jellany Wazmiah
Dam : Old Hadfa

Head : Bordered stripe extending to left nostril
LF : White three quarters cannon ermine marks
LH : Half cannon, ermine marks
RF : Half pastern outside only, black spotfront corone
RH : Pastern, higher inside ermine marks

Hadfa Nr. 263

Colour : Bay
Born : 1975
Sire : Ma'anagy El Kebir
Dam : Hadfa Nr. 159

Head : Star above eyelevel. Small fleshmark between nostrils.
LF : None
LH : Pastern, half fetlock back and inside.
RF : None
RH : None

Hadfan Nr. 298 — Stallion

Colour : Bright Bay
Born : March 12, 1978
Sire : Ma'anagy El Saghir Nr. 300
Dam : Hadfah Nr. 159

Head : Star, Stripe, Flesh mark touching both nostrils, flesh mark lower lip
LF : Half cannon higher behind
LH : Half cannon
RF : Half pastern
RH : Half cannon

• • •

HAMDANIEH

The Al Hamdanieh strain, most favoured by the Al-Saud family for centuries, has also been present in Bahrain for generations.

The Hamdanieh in the Amiri Stud are represented by three mares of different family lines of the strain.

Hamdanieh of the old Bahrain line, Hamdanieh Um Shamy from the Shaikh of Kuwait's line and Hamdanieh Johara of the Al-Saud line.

Hamdany Nr. 71 (born 1962 died 1975) who served at stud was the last male offspring by Jellaby Speckled. His dam, Hamandieh Fatis Nr. 202 (dead) was bred at Al Kharj in Saudi Arabia. When the Saudi Royal Stud was being relocated in early 1950, she was brought to Bahrain and joined the Royal Stud early 1960.

Hamdanieh Bint Um Shamy Nr. 8 — Mare

Colour : Bay
Born : 1970
Sire : Dahman II
Dam : Hamdanieh Um Shamy No. 119

Head : Small star left of midline, whorl above eyelevel.
LF : None
LH : Half coronet front and inside, white heel.
RF : None
RH : None

Hamdany bin Um Shamy Nr. 81 — Stallion

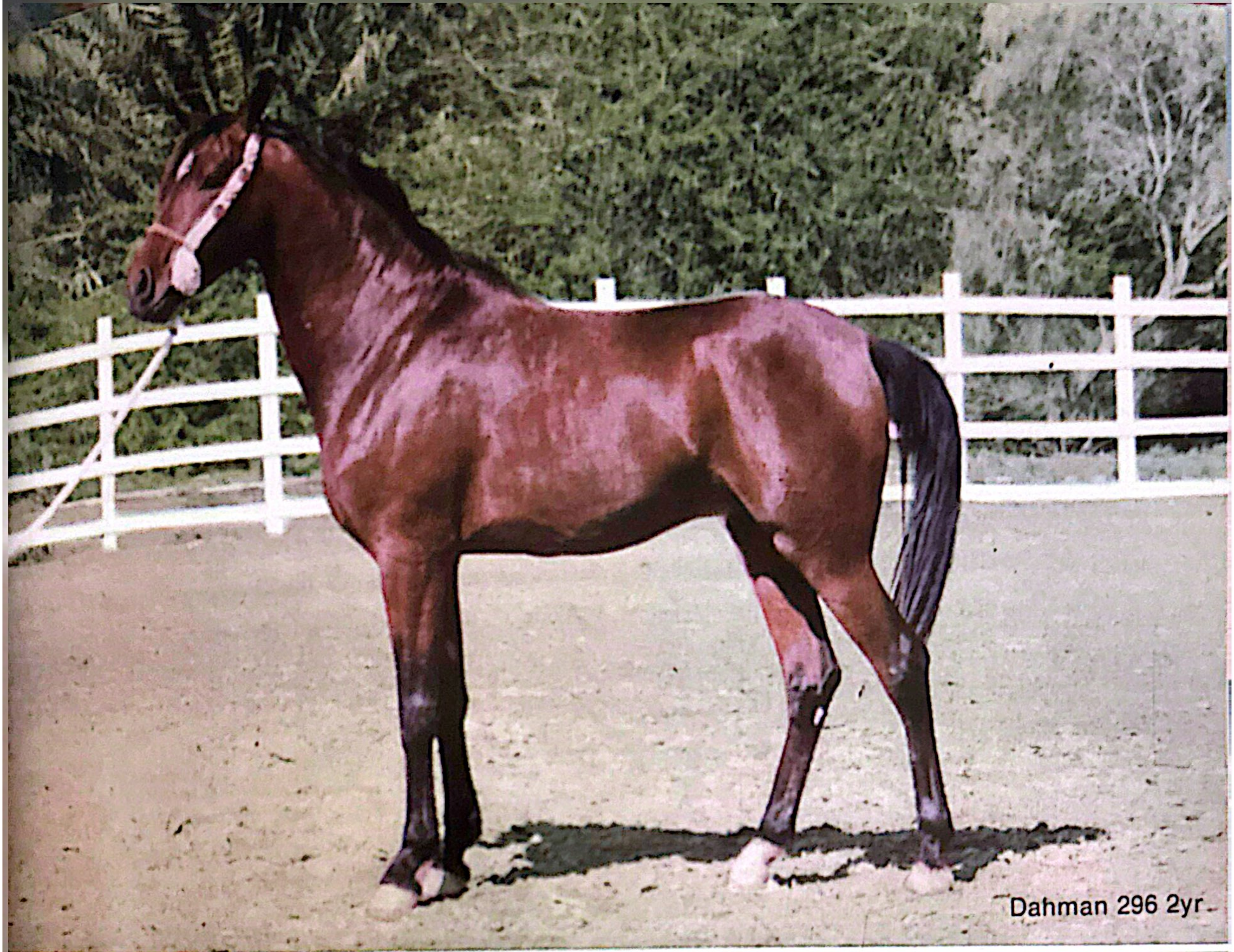
Colour : Bay
Born : 1973
Sire : Dahman II
Dam : Hamandieh Um Shamy Nr. 119

Head : Star, fleshmark muzzle extending left nostril. Flesh marks left side lower lip.
LF : Coronet higher outside
LH : Half fetlock
RF : None
RH : Half fetlock, black spot front coronet.

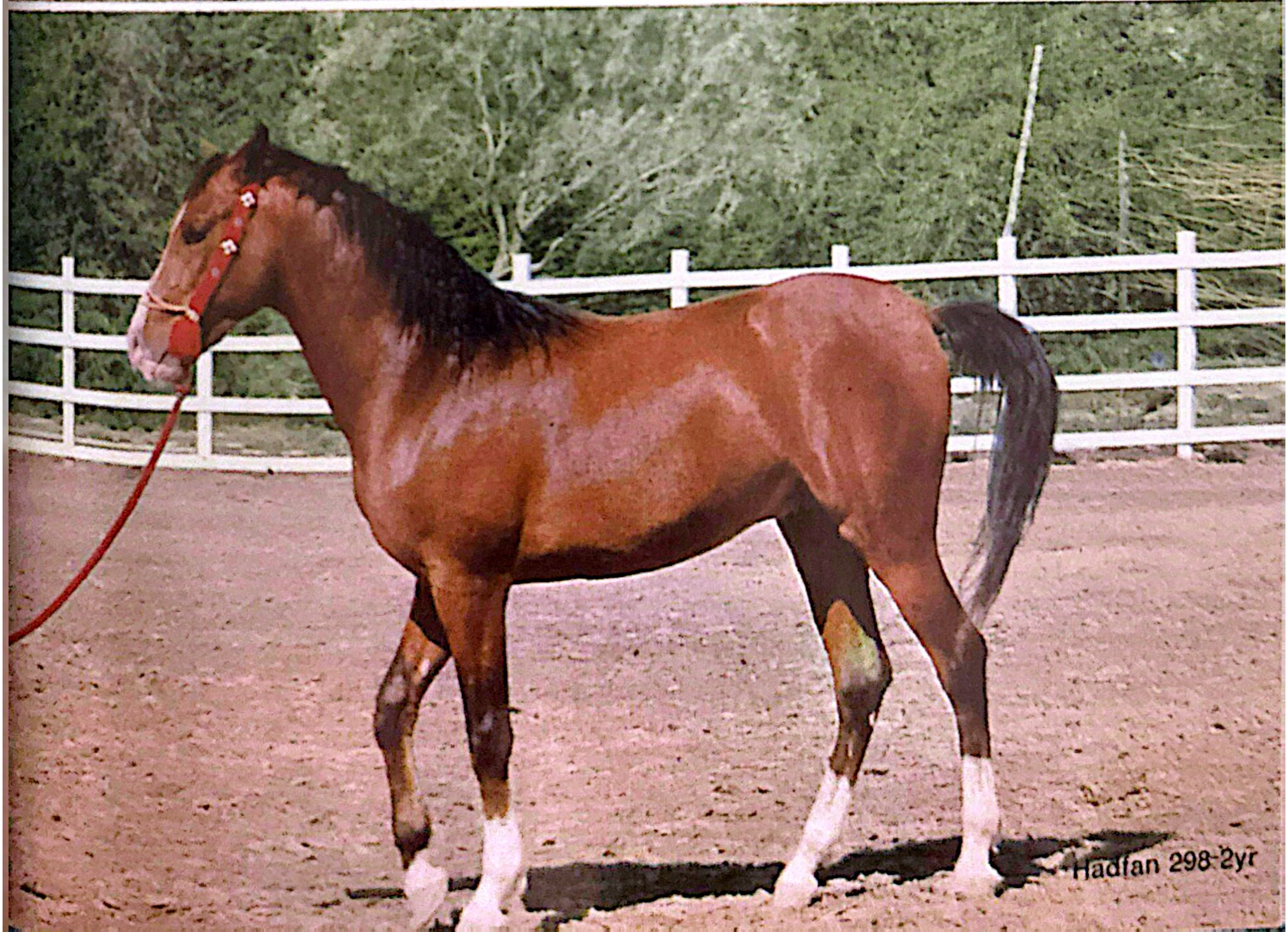
Hamdaniah Nr. 161 — Mare

Colour : Bay
Born : 1968
Sire : Jellaby Sakhir Nr. 270
Dam : Hamdaniah

Head : Star, whorl midline eyelevel. Small fleshmark right nostril
LF : None
LH : None
RH : None



Dahman 296 2yr



Hadfan 298 2yr

Hamdanieh Kharsa Nr. 227 — Mare

Colour	: Bay	Head	: Blaze extending both nostrils, flesh mark upper lip and lower lip front.
Born	: 1967	LF	: Half cannon
Sire	: Jellaby Wazmiah	LH	: Pastern inside and behind only
Dam	: Hamandieh Kharsa (Old Grey)	RF	: Fetlock
		RH	: Pastern

Hamdanieh Bint Um Shamy Nr. 257 — Mare

Colour	: Chestnut	Head	: Stripe extending to muzzle and left nostril
Born	: 1975	LF	: None
Sire	: Hamdany Nr. 71	LH	: None
Dam	: Hamdanieh Um Shamy Nr 119	RF	: None
		RH	: None

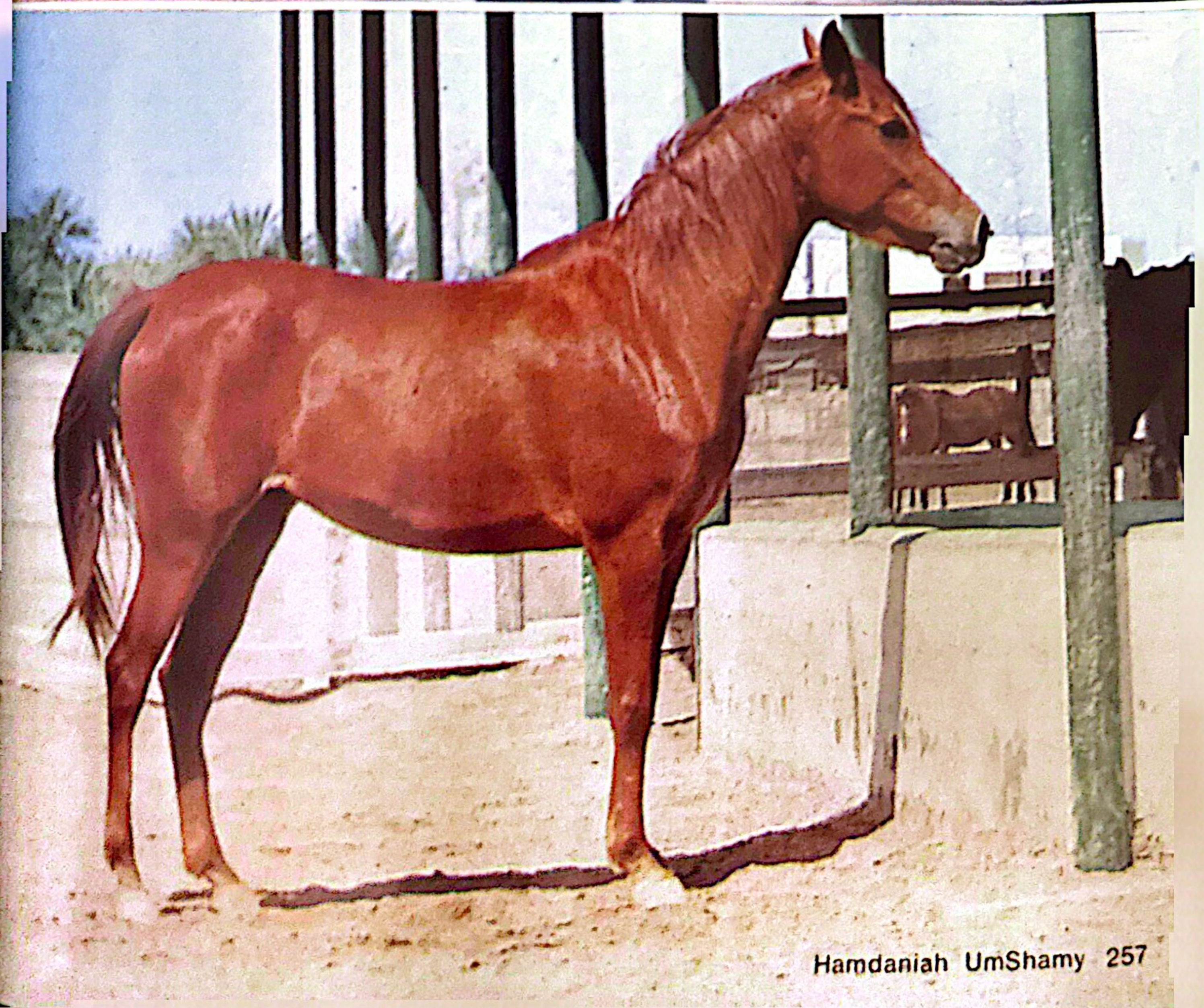
Hamdanieh Johara Nr. 305 — Mare

Colour	: Grey	Head	: Star, Stripe extending both nostrils flesh mark right upper lip and left lower lip.
Born	: 1975	LF	: None
Sire	: Mlolshan (El Yatim, Speckled) (born 1968 Trial Stud died 1975)	LH	: None
Dam	: Hamdanieh Shagara (Saudia)	RF	: None
		RH	: None





Hamdany UmShamy 81



Hamdaniah UmShamy 257



Shuwaimah 48 & Hamdaniah 305

KRAY

The Kray strain is now believed to have vanished completely except in Bahrain, where it has been considered as precious as a family heirloom.

It often happened that a horse was named after its master and that in this way a 'new strain' was born. But, rare was the occasion that a man was called after his horse as in the case of the Kray.

In one of the battles fought on horseback in East Rufa one of the members of the Al-Khalifa family, Shaikh Mohammed, was mounted on a Kray mare. Kray had been both fierce and brave, so her opponents tried to eliminate her from the battle. They eventually succeeded. When she fell, her rider Mohammed fell with her and was trapped underneath with a broken leg — thus he became an easy target and was killed by his adversary. Today the descendants of this particular Shaikh are identified in this manner, Shaikh Ali bin Ahmed bin Abdulla bin Ahmed bin Mohammed, Master of Kray.

Kray Nr. 40

Colour: Bay
Born : 1972
Sire : Dahman I
Dam : Kray

Head : Small diagonal star above whorl midline eye level.
LF : Half pastern, ermine marks.
LH : Pastern, ermine marks.
RF : Coronet, half pastern inside, ermine marks
RH : Half pastern, ermine marks.

Kray Nr. 59 — Mare

Colour: Bay
Born : 1973
Sire : Dahman II
Dam : Kray No. 19 (dead)

Head : Small star
LF : None
LH : None
RF : None
RH : Coronet

Krayon Nr. 209 — Stallion

Colour: Speckled Grey
Born : 1969
Sire : Krushan (El Aswed)
Dam : Kray El Hamra

Head : Whorl upper eye level slightly to the left.
LF : None
LH : None
RF : None
RH : None

Kray Nr. 217 — Mare

Colour: Light Bay
Born : 1965
Sire : Jellaby Sakhir Nr. 270
Dam : Kray Tawile (dead)

Head : Star, snip centre muzzle
LF : Half pastern, ermine marks
LH : Pastern
RF : None
RH : Pastern

Kray Nr. 299 — Mare

Colour: Light Bay
Born : March 7, 1978
Sire : Ma'anagy El Saghir Nr. 300
Dam : Kray Nr. 217

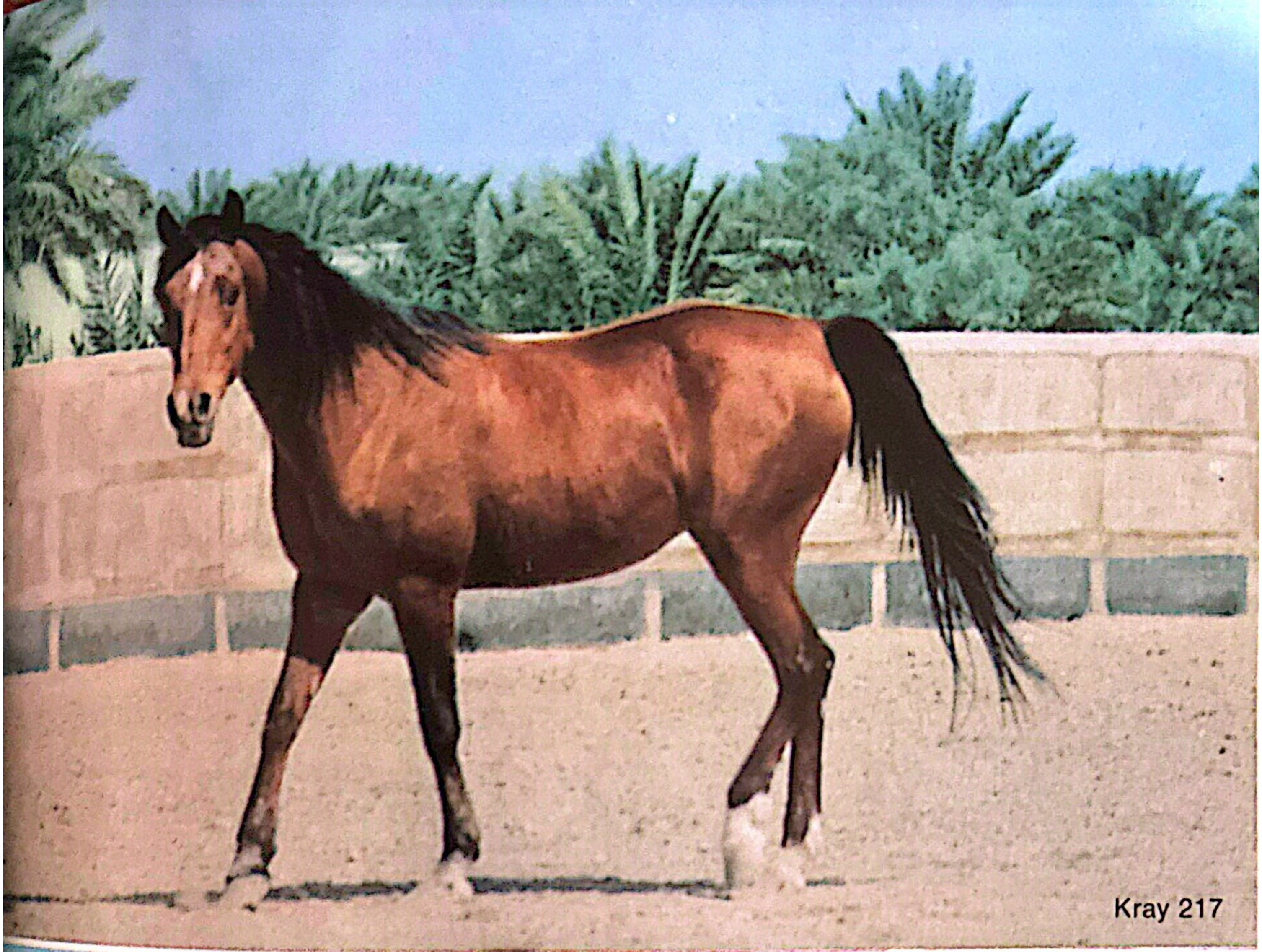
Head : Whorl above left nostril eye level, small fleshmark left nostril.
LF : None
LH : Pastern, higher behind.
RF : None
RH : None

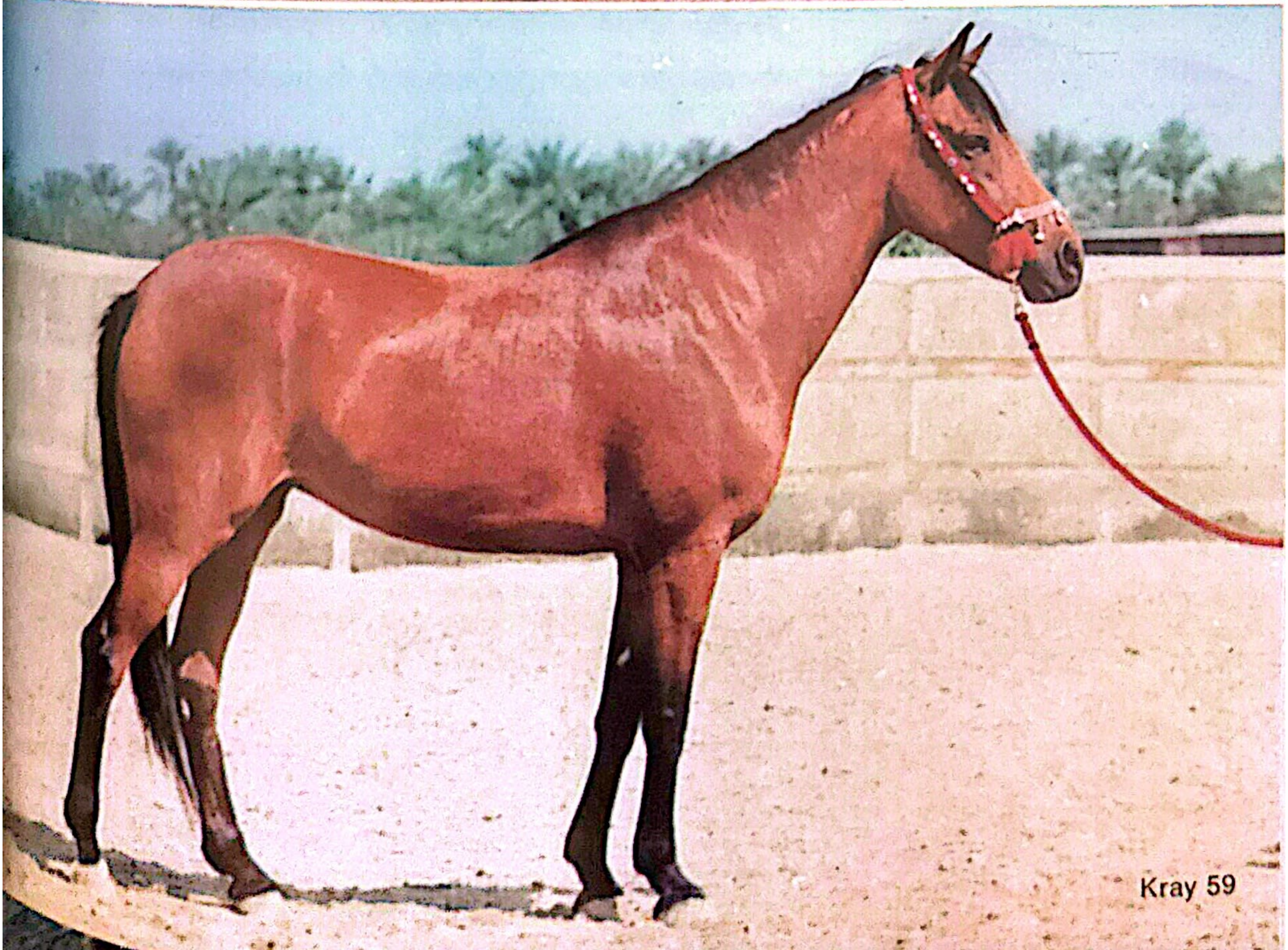
Krayon Nr. 309

Colour: Bay
Born : Feb. 13, 1979
Sire : Jellaby Sakhir Nr. 270
Dam : Kray Nr. 217

Head : Small Star, snip
LF : White heel
LH : Pastern higher behind
RF : None
RH : None




Kray 217


Kray 59

KUHEILAH EL ADIYAT

A Kuheilah mare was presented to Shaikh Hamed bin Isa while he was still a young man. The sender of the mare, Shaikh of the Ajman tribe, wrote a letter to his friend: "We send you this Kuheilah mare which fulfils the Adiyat".

From The Koran, Sura C.
(Adiyat, or those that run).
In the name of God, Most gracious Most merciful;
By the Steeds
That run, with panting breath *
And strike sparks of fire (with their hoofs)

And push home the charge
In the morning

And raise the dust
In clouds the while,

And penetrate forthwith
Into the midst of the foe

* *Mares panting for war on behalf of their masters.*

When Shaikh Hamed saw the mare run in a race and found her exceedingly swift he exclaimed : "Truly she is of the El Adiyat".

One descendant of this mare remains in Bahrain.

Kuheilah Adiyati Nr. 222 — Mare

Colour:	Speckled Grey	Head :	Two diagonal whorls upper eye level left slightly lower
Born :	1970	LF :	None
Sire :	Jellaby Sakhir Nr. 270	LH :	None
Dam :	Kuheilah Adiyati (dead)	RF :	None
		RH :	None

• • •

KUHEILAH AFAS

There is an Arab saying; 'If you are told that a horse is of the Kuheilah Afas strain, no other questions need to be asked'. Meaning, the strain is of such antiquity that no explanations are needed — the name speaks for itself.

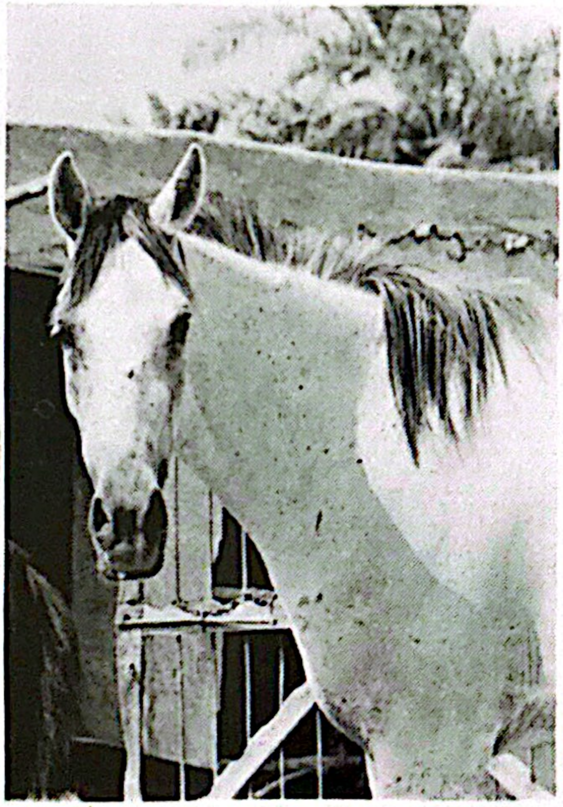
A family of horse always taken for granted in Bahrain.

Kuheilah Afas Nr. 170 — Mare

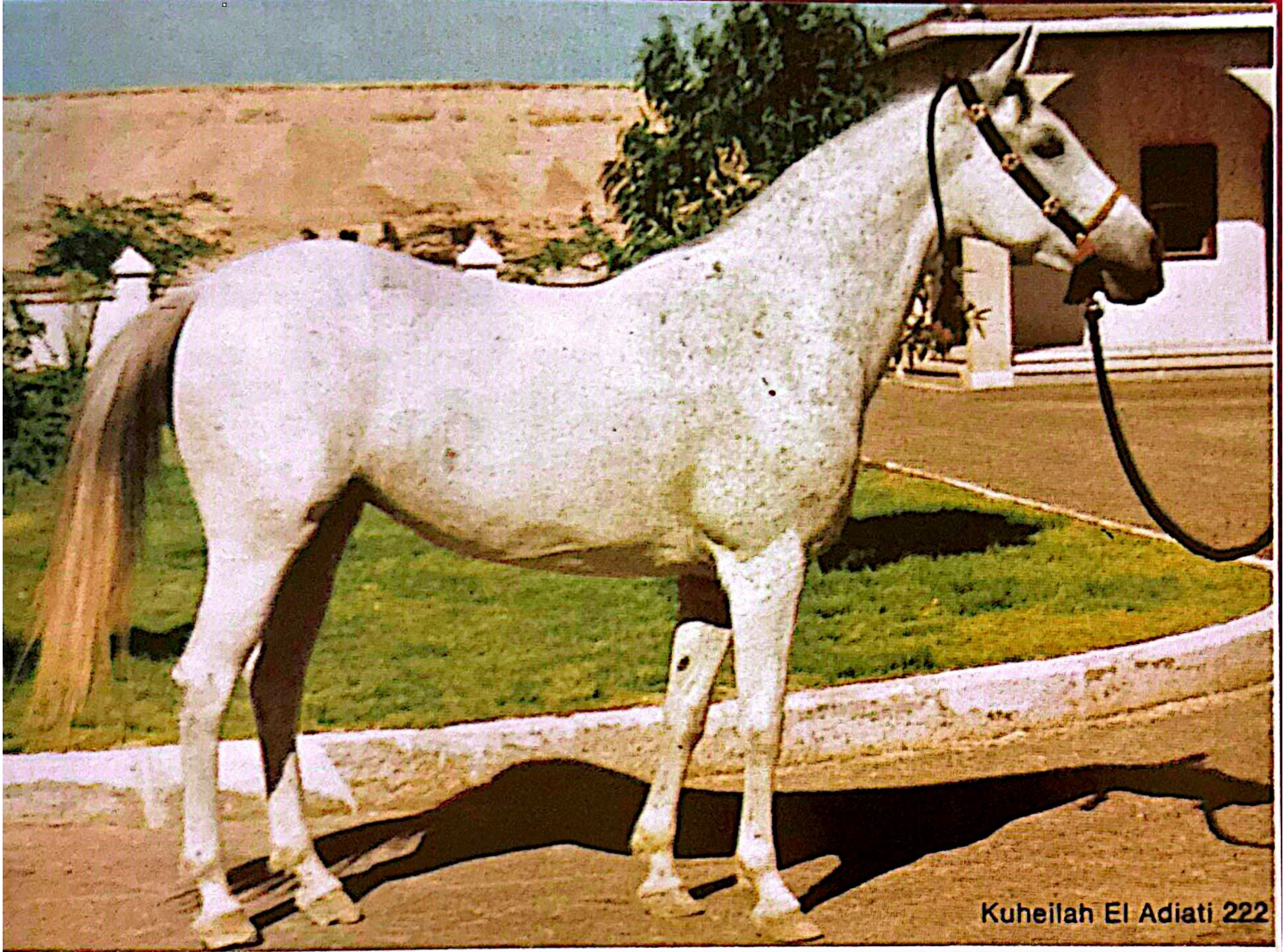
Colour	: Grey	Head	: Stripe, stop above nostrils
Born	: 1974	LF	: Fetlock
Sire	: Hamdany Nr. 71	LH	: Fetlock higher front
Dam	: Kuheilah Afas Hamra Nr. 169	RF	: None
		RH	: Fetlock higher front

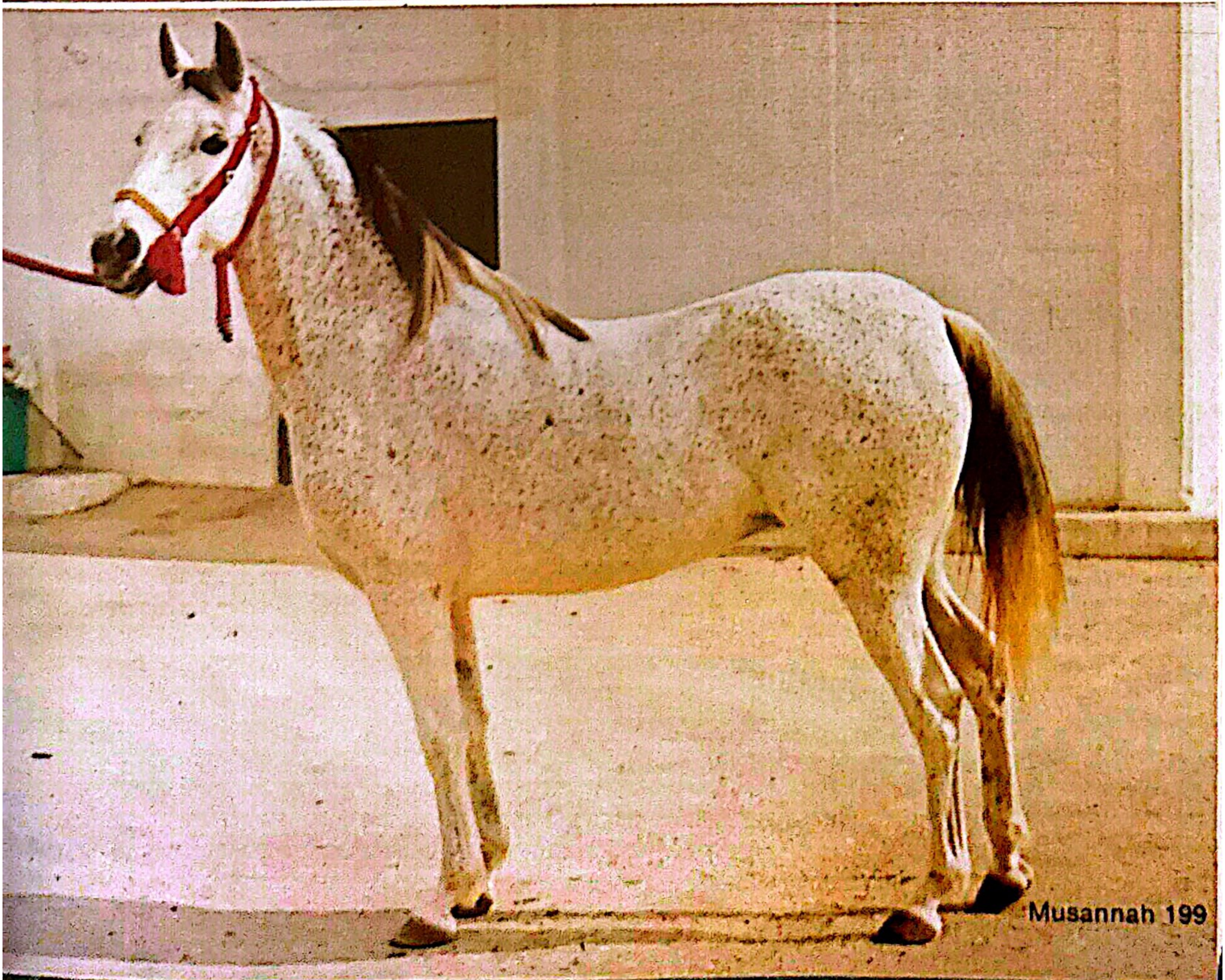
Kuheilah Afas Nr. 242 — Mare

Colour	: Speckled Grey	Head	: Whorl upper eye level fleshmark between and extending both nostrils, flesh mark lower lip.
Born	: 1960	LF	: None
Sire	: Speckled Jellaby II	LH	: None
Dam	: Kuheilah Afas	RF	: None
		RH	: None



Kuheilah Afas 242


Kuheilah El Adiati 222


Musannah 199

Jellabiah Nr. 101 — Mare

Colour:	Bay	Head :	Blaze, extending both nostrils and muzzle, flesh mark lower lip.
Born :	1960	LF :	Three quarters cannon.
Sire :	Old Dahman I	LH :	Fetlock
Dam :	Jellabieh El Hamra	RF :	One third cannon
		RH :	Coronet inside only

Jellabiah Nr. 139 — Mare

Colour:	Speckled Grey	Head:	Whorl left above eye level.
Born :	1971	LF :	Fetlock
Sire :	Krushan (El Aswed)	LH :	None
Dam :	Jellabiah	RF :	Half pastern
		RH :	Coronet

Jellabiah Nr. 166 (bint "Sadja") — Mare

Colour:	Bay	Head :	Small star, snip on left side
Born :	1970	LF :	None
Sire :	Dahman II	LH :	None
Dam :	Jellabieh (dead)	RF :	None
		RH :	None

Jellabiah Nr. 220 — Mare

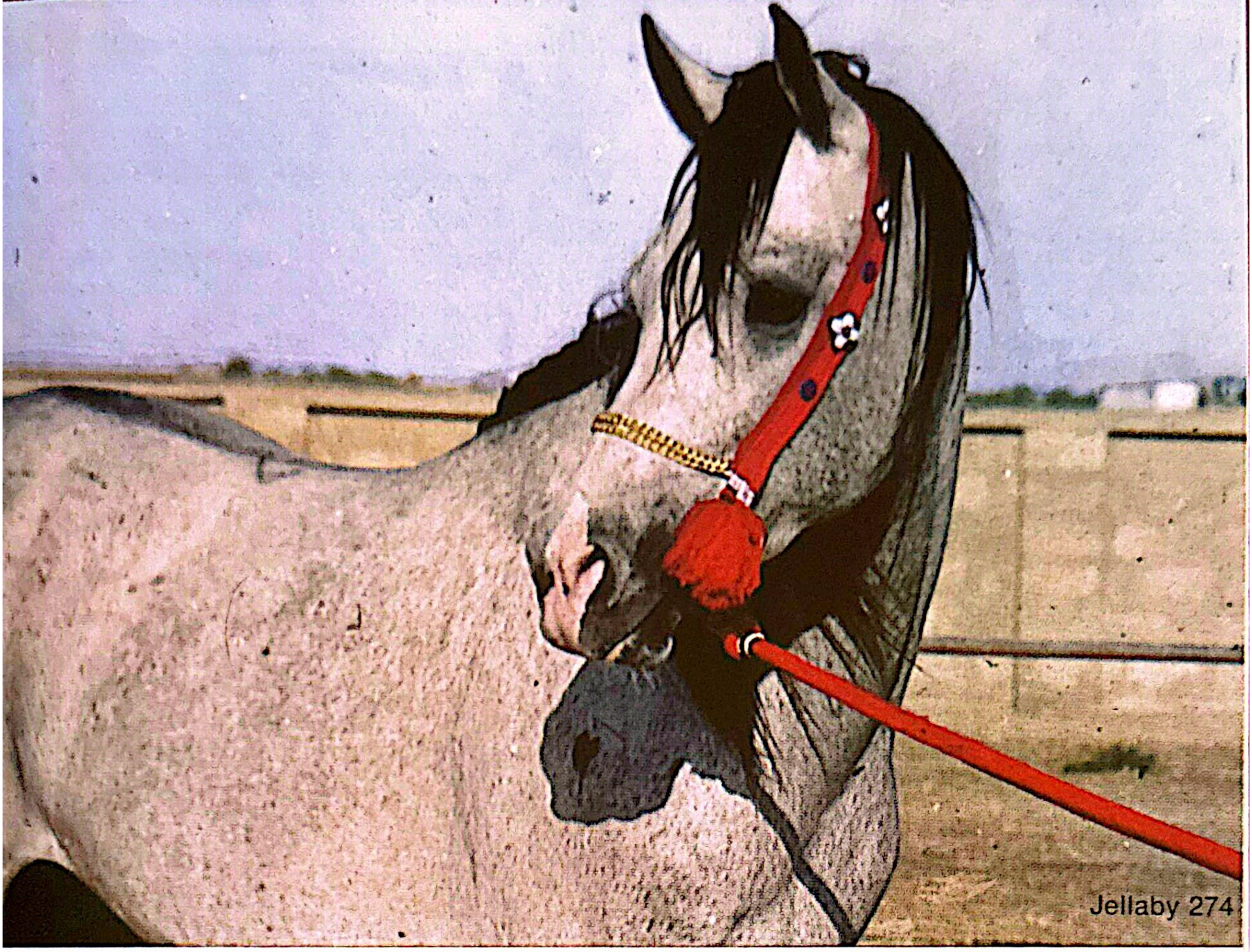
Colour:	Dark Bay	Head :	Small star
Born :	1967	LF :	None
Sire :	Jellaby Sakhir Nr. 270	LH :	Pastern
Dam :	Jellabiah	RH :	None
		RH :	Coronet

Jellabiah Nr. 229 — Mare

Colour:	Speckled Gray	Head :	Two horizontal whorls above eyes.
Born :	1969	LF :	None
Sire :	Krushan (El Aswed)	LH :	None
Dam :	Jellabiah	RF :	None
		RH :	None

Jellabiah Nr. 233 ("Jelly-Jelly") — Mare

Colour:	Chestnut, with pale mane	Head :	Wide blaze to both nostrils, flesh mark lower lip
Born :	1965	LF :	None
Sire :	Jellaby Sakhir Nr. 270	LH :	Half cannon
Dam :	Jellabiah Shagara	RF :	Half cannon
		RH :	Pastern



Jellaby 274



Jellabiah 229

Jellaby Sakhir Nr. 270 — Stallion

Colour	: Bay	Head	: Star, stripe extending left nostril and muzzle.
Born	: Late 1940	LF	: None
Sire	: Old Dahman I	LH	: White to just above fetlock
Dam	: Jellabieh Safqa	RF	: None
		RH	: None

Jellaby Nr. 274 — Stallion

Colour	: Grey Speckled	Head	: Star, stripe to left nostril and muzzle Flesh mark lower left lip
Born	: September 19, 1976	LF	: Pastern
Sire	: Wathnan Ashgar Nr. 208*	LH	: White Patch front coronet, white heel
Dam	: Jellabiah Nr. 229	RF	: Coronet, not inside
		RH	: None

Jellabiah Nr. 286 — Mare

Colour	: Bay	Head	: Bordered star
Born	: March 9, 1977	LF	: None
Sire	: Dahman II	LH	: None
Dam	: Jellabiah 220	RF	: None
		RH	: Pastern

Jellabiah Nr. 308 — Mare

Colour	: Bay	Head	: Two diagonal whorls above eye level with few white hairs, stripe to around left nostril touching right. nostril. Fleshmark lower lip.
Born	: Feb. 8, 1979	LF	: Fetlock
Sire	: Ma'anagy El Saghir Nr. 300	LH	: Half fetlock.
Dam	: Jellabiah Nr. 101	RF	: Fetlock higher inside
		RH	: White patch on coronet outside

* Wathnan Ashgar Nr. 208 by Jellaby Sakhir out of Wathnah Shagara (Farhat Saad) was not selected to serve as a stud, gelded March 1978 and sent to the mounted Police.

Jellabiah Nr. 313

Colour : Bay
Born : Jan 6, 1979
Sire : Dahman III (Rufa) Nr. 231
Dam : Jellabiah Nr. 233

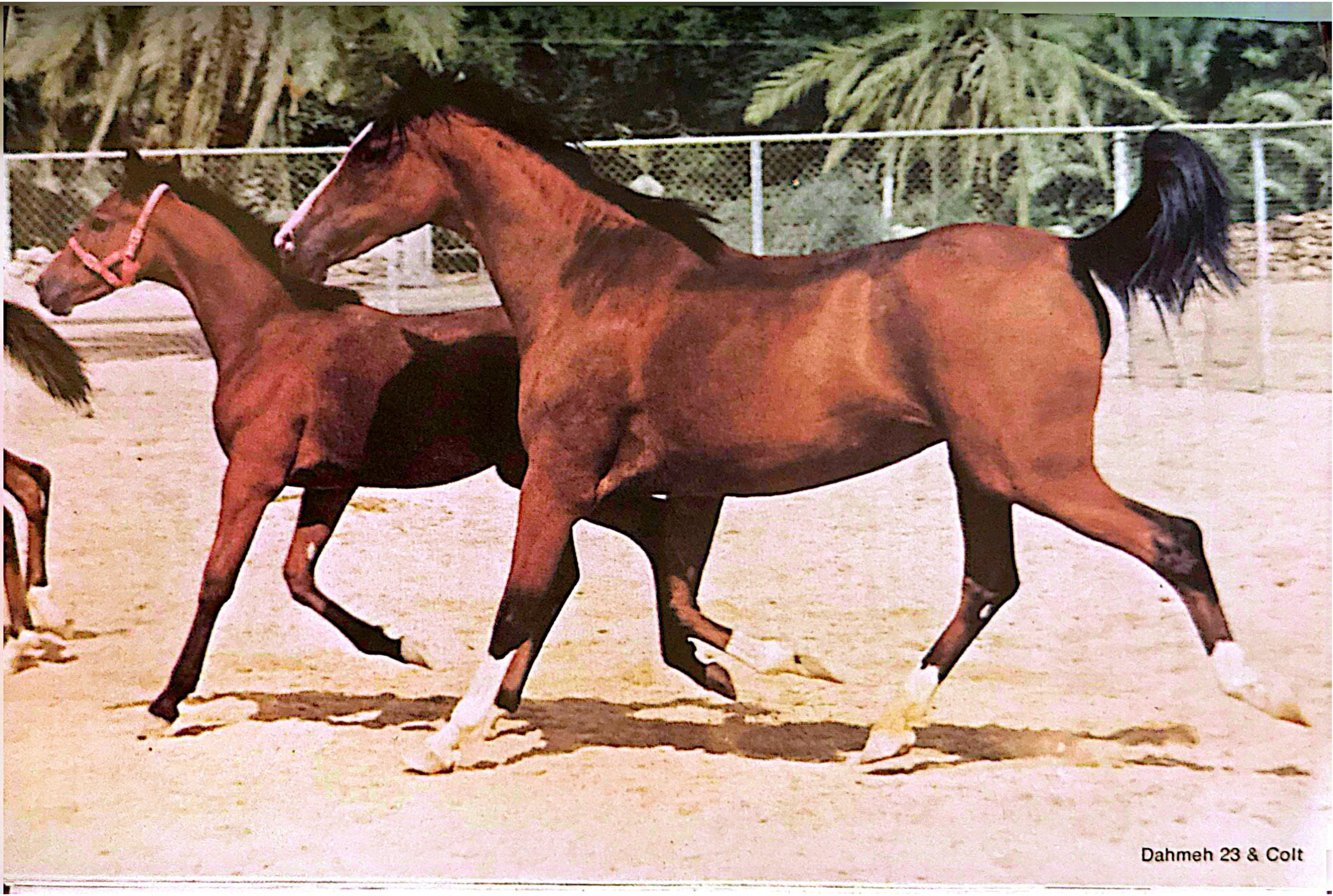
Head : Star, stripe ending fleshmark into left nostril.
LF : Full cannon, slightly lower outside ermine marks.
LH : Half cannon, black spot anterior coronet and inner heel.
RF : One third cannon higher inside, ermine marks
RH : One third cannon higher inside, black spot outer heel.

Jellaby (Ibn Bint Sadja) Nr. 317

Colour : Chestnut
Born : April 19, 1979
Sire : Jellaby Sakhir Nr. 270
Dam : Bint Sadja Nr. 166

Head : Large star, stripe including left nostril.
LF : None
LH : Two third cannon
RF : None
RH : Fetlock, one third cannon inside.





Dahmeh 23 & Colt

KUHEILAH KRUSH

It is said by some that the original Krushieh mare came from the Muteyer tribe — and by others that the original came from the Al Rasheed, Amirs of Hail from 1835-1924. Yet everyone agrees that the strain has been in Bahrain since the 1850's. This old family of Krush is perpetuated through the tail female line, and is predominently of bay colour.

The Stud Stallion, Krushan Speckled, was out of the dam Krush El Araibi which was bred by the then Shaikh of Amara, Mohammed El Araibi. He had brought her as a tribute to Shaikh Sulman in the late 1940's. Krush El Araibi was mated to Jellaby II Speckled, and foaled the colt Krushan in 1952. She was then sent to King Saud. While in Saudi Arabia she changed hands, until eventually in the early 1960's she arrived back in Bahrain as a gift to Shaikh Isa — unbeknownst to the gift giver that she had left the island earlier. Shaikh Isa was very pleased to have old Krush back and kept her until she died of old age at Rufa Palace in 1976.

Krushan Speckled, better known locally as El Aswed, was tried at stud in the breeding season of 1963. He produced only colts. He was put back to stud late in 1968 and served until his premature death in the fall of 1970.

Krush Nr. 36 — Mare

Colour: Bay
Born : 1970
Sire : Dahman II
Dam : Krush Nr. 34

Head : Star and narrow stripe to nostrils
LF : None
LH : Half pastern
RF : None
RH : None

Krush bint Kr. Um Surr Nr. 95 — Mare

Colour: Bay
Born : 1967
Sire : Jellaby Wazmiah
Dam : Krush Um Surr (dead)

Head : Star, fleshmark left nostril and muzzle.
LF : Pastern
LH : Pastern
RF : None
RH : None

Krush Nr. 228 — Mare

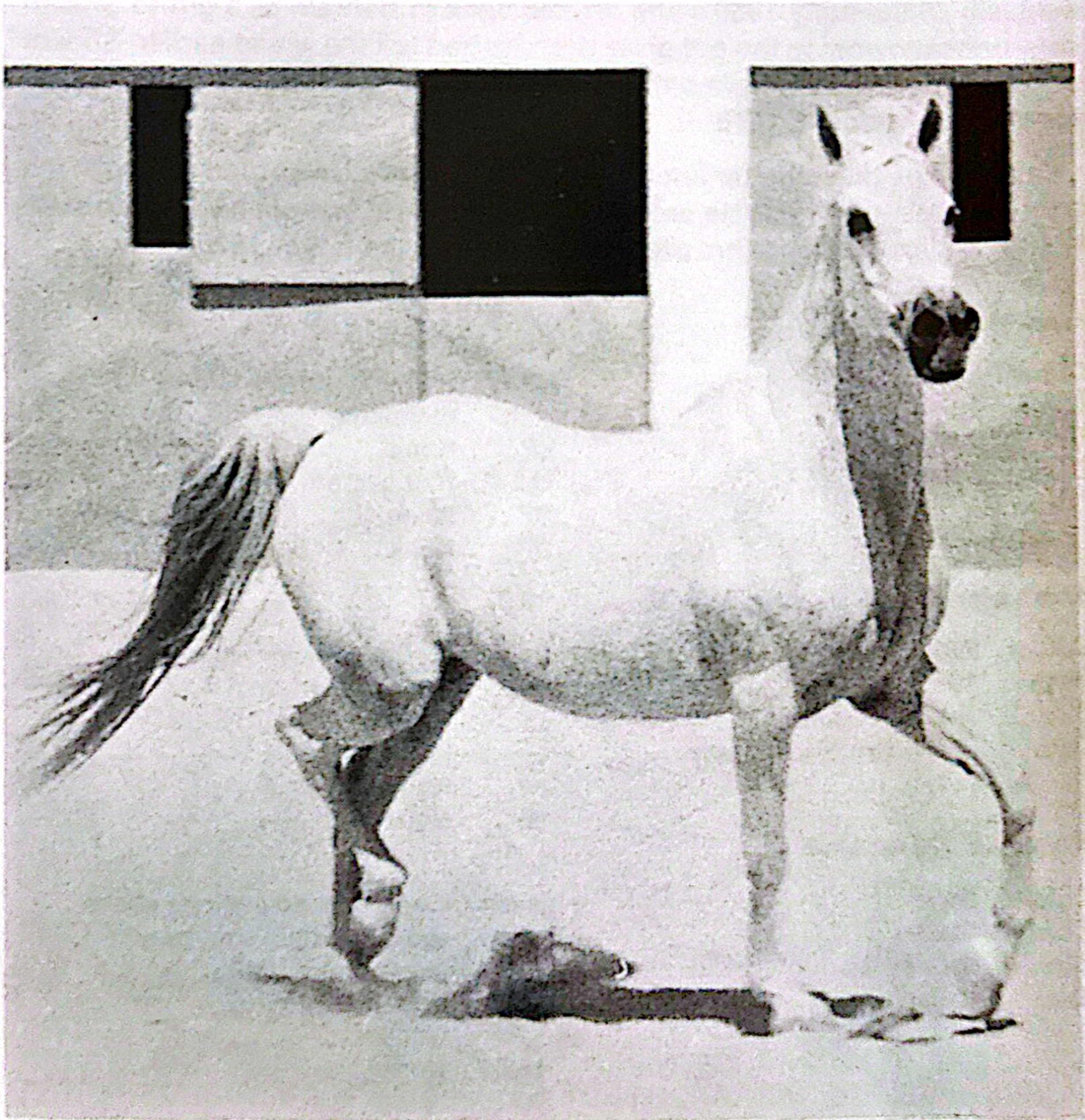
Colour: Bay
Born : 1968
Sire : Jellaby Sakhir Nr. 270
Dam : Krush

Head : Two horizontal whorls above eyelevel within star, grey area around right nostril inside.
LF : None
LH : None
RF : None

Krushan Nr. 297 — Stallion

Colour : Bay
Born : March 12, 1978
Sire : Dahman II
Dam : Krush bint Krush
Um Surr Nr. 95

Head : Small star, snip left side, small fleshmark left nostril
LF : None
LH : Pastern, ermine marks.
RF : Coronet higher front
RH : Half pastern



Krush el Araiby



Krush 95 & Foal

KUHEILAH UM ZORAYR

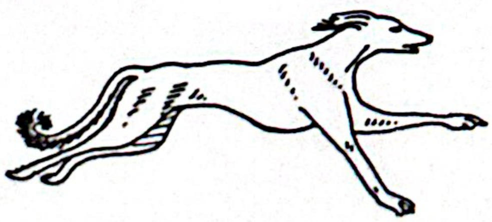
The Kuheilah Um Zorayr strain is of great antiquity but rarely heard of in modern breeding programmes, although the stallions of this strain were much used for stud in the Najd in mid 19th century.

In Bahrain we are most fortunate to have one survivor of this strain. In 1969 old studmaster Fatis realised that in the herd of broodmares in his charge there was only one Kuheilah Um Zorayr, a very old black mare that used to be one of Shaikh Sulman's favourite racing mares. This mare had not produced anything for many years nor had she shown any interest in the stallions — so she had been left to retirement of her own choosing. Fatis took her up to the Palace and put her in race-training! Obviously the stimula of running, the special personal attention and the excitement of being around young stallions at the racing stables, made the old girl think she was young again. She was mated with Jellaby Wazmiah and produced a filly foal. She died peacefully in December 1974 — toothless, deaf, half-blind yet contented.

Kuheilah Um Zorayr Nr. 154 — Mare

Colour: Bay
Born : 1971
Sire : Jellaby Wazmiah
Dam : Kuheilah Um Zorayr
Nr. 186 (dead)

Head : None
LF : None
LH : White heel
RF : None
RH : None



MA'ANAGIEH

The Ma'anagieh strain, widespread and popular over all the Arabic speaking world in the past, is now unfortunately one of the most abused strain names in the Western horse literature.

The Ma'anagieh has been present in Bahrain since the earliest times of the Al-Khalifa family history. Old poetry recites that Shaikh Abdulla bin Ahmed was, "... Invincible when mounted on his beautiful Ma'anagieh with the soundest hoofs found on any horse."

Today in Bahrain the Ma'anagieh are represented by two lineage: Ma'anagieh bin Hiddfa Al-Murra and Casbet El Khel. Ma'anagieh Al Murra the original mare was brought to Shaikh Hamed bin Isa around 1930, while Ma'anagieh (Casbet El Khel) from Kuwait was brought to Shaikh Sulman in 1942.

The stallions, Ma'anagy El Kebir Nr. 136 and Ma'anagy El Saghir Nr. 330 were both descendants of Ma'anagieh El Murra. Ma'anagy El Kebir was a trial stud, but as he was not found satisfactory, hes was removed from stud in 1974. (Died May 19, 1976).

Ma'nagieh (Casbet el Khel) Nr. 25 — Mare

Colour: Bay
Born : 1962
Sire
Dam : Ma'anagieh Kuwaitieh

Head : Bordered star with small crescent containing whorl midline eye level, mixed snip left nostril and upper lip.
LF : None
LH : None
RF : None
RH : None

Ma'anagieh Nr. 26 (Casbet El Khel) — Mare

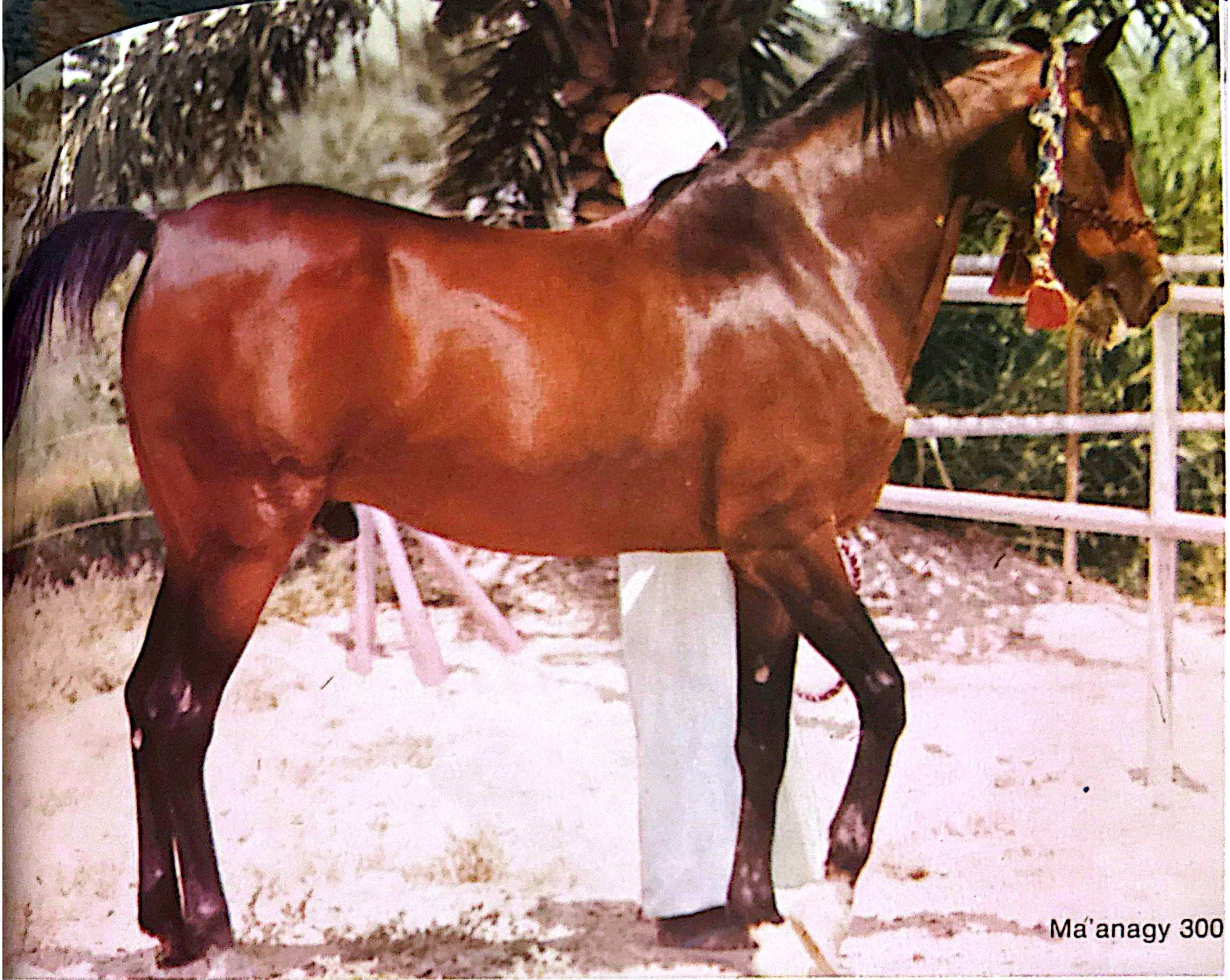
Colour: Bay
Born : 1974
Sire : Ma'anagy El Kebir
Dam : Ma'anagieh (Casbet EL Khel) No. 25

Head : Stripe halfway nose, fleshmark on muzzle
LF : Pastern to half fetlock behind
LH : White inside coronet and heel
RF : Fetlock
RH : None

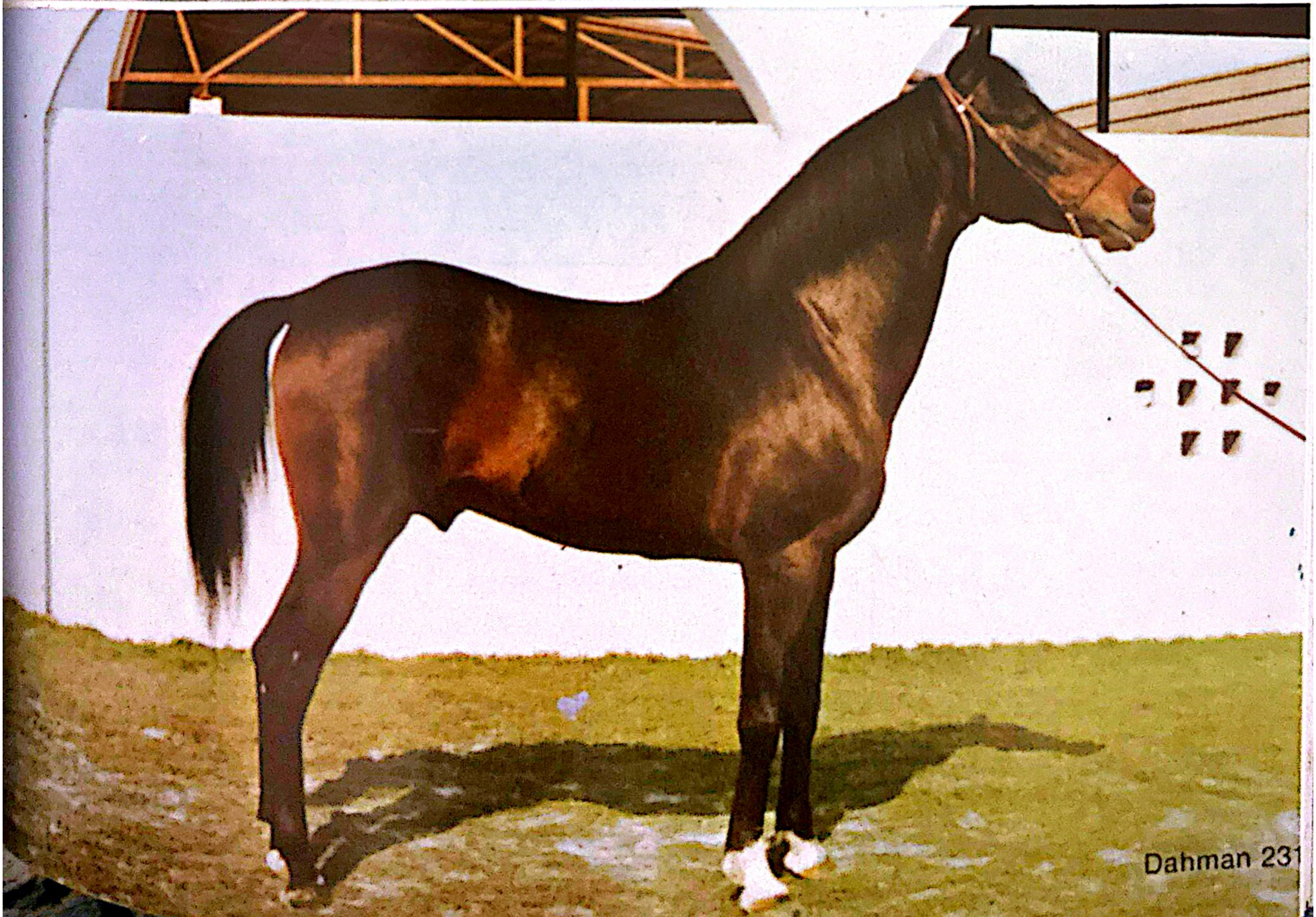
Ma'anagieh Nr. 69 (Yatima) — Mare

Colour: Bay
Born : March 5, 1973
Sire : Dahman II
Dam : Ma'anagieh Saghira (dead)

Head : Star
LF : None
LH : None
RF : None
RH : Pastern, ermine marks



Ma'anagy 300

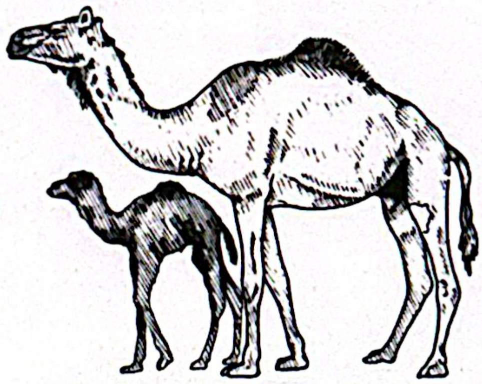


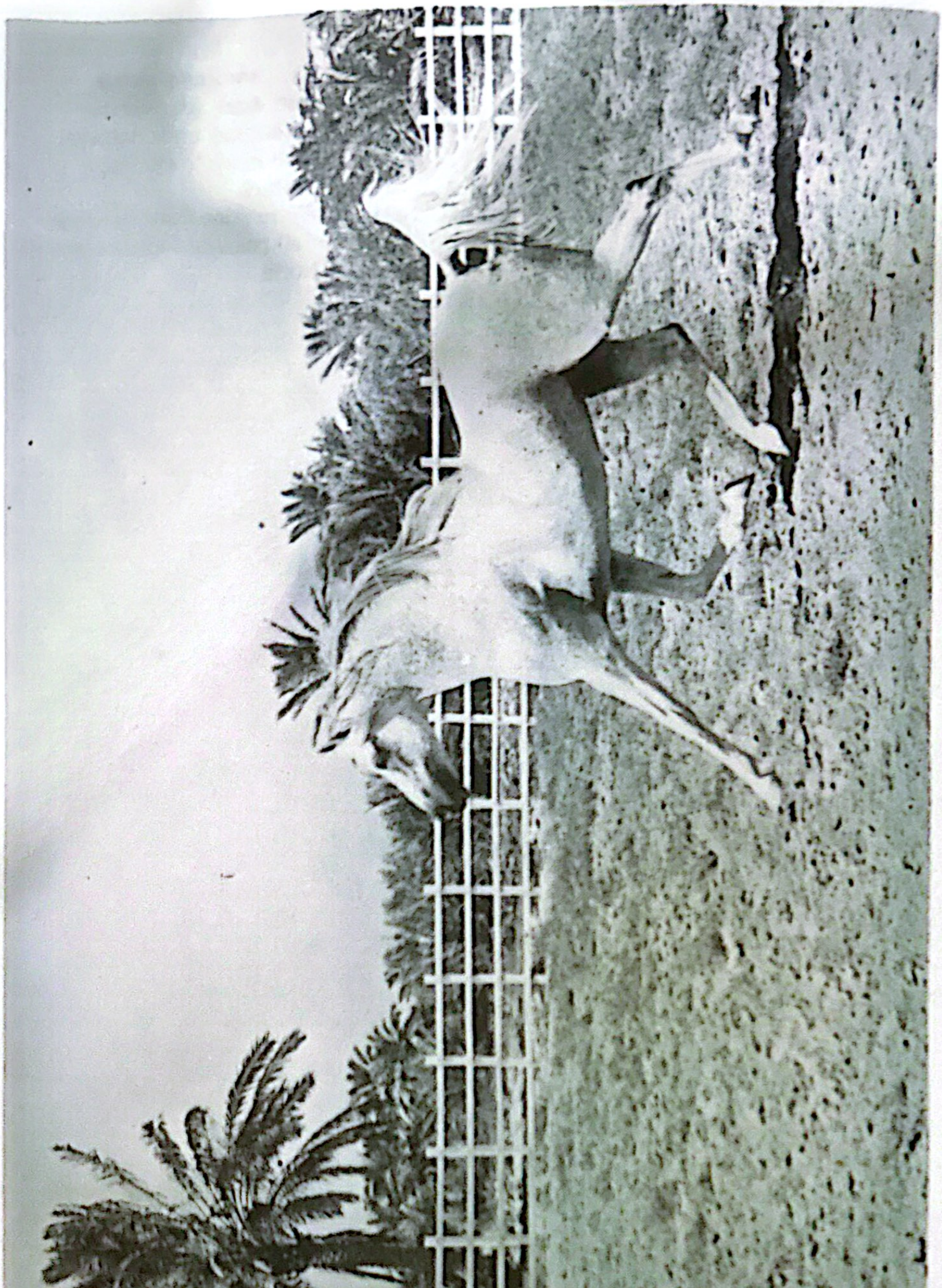
Dahman 231

Ma'anagy El Saghir Nr. 300 — Stallion

Colour : Dark Bay
Born : 1962
Sire : Jellaby Wazmiah
Dam : Ma'anagieh

Head : Star, bordered stripe, flesh mark on muzzle extending both nostrils, flesh mark lower lip
LF : Pastern
LH : White spot front coronet
RF : Half pastern higher behind
RH : None





Mlolshan (El Yatim)

MLOLESH

This ancient and rare strain is still found in Bahrain in direct tail female line since time immemorial. The name Mlolesh is believed to derivate from the word 'mlolash' the trilling high pitched sound the Arab women make at weddings and other happy or exciting occasions. The original Mlolesh mare must have had a beautiful neigh!

Mlolshan Speckled (El Yatim), born winter 1968, was being tried at stud when he died 1975 at Safriah, stables of Shaikh Hamed bin Isa, the Heir Apparent.

Mlolesh Nr. 7 — Mare

Colour: Speckled Grey
Born : 1970
Sire : Dahman II
Dam : Mlolesh Safra Marshoosha (dead)

Head : Whorl midline above eye level.
LF : None
LH : None
RF : None
RH : None

Mlolesh Nr. 109 — Mare

Colour: Bay
Born : 1970
Sire : Dahman II
Dam : Mlolesh

Head : Star
LF : None
LH : None
RF : None
RH : None

Mlolesh Nr. 131 — Mare

Colour: Speckled Grey
Born : 1961
Sire :
Dam : Mlolesh

Head : Star, stripe extending both nostrils, fleshmark upper and lower lip.
LF : None
LH : None
RF : None
RH : None

Mlolesh Nr. 256 — Mare

Colour: Chestut
Born : 1975
Sire : Hamdany Nr. 71
Dam : Mlolesh Nr. 109

Head : Star
LF : None
LH : None
RF : None
RH : Fetlock higher behind

Mlolesh Nr. 304 — Mare

Colour: Bay
Born : March 24, 1978
Sire : Jellaby Sakhir
Dam : Mlolesh Nr. 109

Head : Star, stripe, snip left nostril, flesh mark lower lip
LF : White heel
LH : None
RF : None
RH : None

Mlolshan Nr. 315 — Stallion

Colour: Bay
Born : March 25, 1979
Sire : Jellaby Sakhir Nr. 270
Dam : Mlolesh Nr. 109

Head : Rectangular star with whorl upper eye level left., fleshmark lower lip.
LF : None
LH : Inner coronet, inner heel.
RF : None
RH : None





Mlolesh 7



Musannah 33

MUSANNAH

At the turn of this century Shaikh Hamed bin Isa received a mare from one of his kinsmen in Kuwait, Shaikh Mobarak The Great Al Sabah. The mare, Musannah Safra Um El Jelit was mated with one of the Bahrain stallions and gave birth to Musannah El Hamra. Musannah El Hamra became one of Shaikh Hamed's favourite mares and was famous for long distance races. From this Musannah descend the Musannahs in Bahrain today.

Musannah Nr. 32 — Mare

Colour: Dark Bay
Born : 1962
Sire
Dam : Musannah

Head : Star above eye level. Dot between nostrils
LF : None
LH : White to half fetlock, ermine marks
RF : None
RH : None

Musannah El Hamra No. 33 — Mare

Colour: Bay
Born : 1973
Sire : Dahman II
Dam : Musannah Nr. 32

Head : Star, fleshmark between nostrils
LF : None
LH : None
RF : None
RH : None

Musannah
Safra Marshoosa Nr. 199 — Mare

Colour: Speckled grey
Born : 1970
Sire : Krushan (El Aswed)
Dam : Musannah Nr. 32

Head : Whorl above eye level, whorls anterior crest each side.
LF : None
LH : None
RF : None
RH : None

Munsannan Nr. 312 — stallion

Colour: Bay
Born : May 28, 1979
Sire : Ma'anagy El Saghir Nr. 300
Dam : Musannah Nr. 32

Head : Star containing median whorl upper eye level, fleshmark between nostrils touching right nostril. Small Flesh mark lower lip.
RF : None
LH : White patch inside pastern
RF : None
RH · Fetlock

Musannan Nr. 321

Colour	: Dark Bay	Head	: Bordered star, whorl midline eye level
Born	: 1975	LF	: None
Sire	: Dahman III (Rufa) Nr. 231	LH	: Half cannon
Dam	: Musannah Nr. 241	RF	: None
		RH	: Half cannon



OBEYAH

Bahrain has always had the Obeyah family, an old lineage which is well respected. This strain was the speciality of the Al-Jiluwi family in Al-Hasa province of Saudi Arabia.

A latecomer Obeyah mare was presented to Shaikh Isa bin Sulman in the early 1960's by Adjer bin Sager bin Sarhan Al-Qahtan. A lovely dark bay mare, small but well proportioned. Obeyah Al-Qahtan was covered by Dahman Rufa Nr. 231 in 1971, a trial stud. The offspring; Obeyan Nr. 239.

Obeyah Nr. 4 — Mare

Colour: Chestnut
Born : 1968
Sire : Dahman I
Dam : Obeyah Shagara Saudia (dead)

Head : Blaze extending to muzzle and both nostrils, fleshmark whole lower lip.
LF : Half cannon extending to knee inside and behind.
RH : Three quarter cannon extending to hock in front.
RF : White up to knee
RH : Three quarter cannon · extending to hock in front.

Obeyah Nr. 11 — Mare

Colour: Bright Bay
Born : 1966
Sire : Jellaby Sakhir Nr. 270
Dam : Obeyah Um Mashnoon

Head : Star, stripe extending to muzzle and left nostril
LF : Fetlock extending half cannon behind, ermine marks
LH : Half cannon, ermine marks
RF : Fetlock extending half cannon behind, ermine marks
RH : Half pastern inside only

Obeyah Nr. 65 — Mare

Colour: Bay
Born : 1971
Sire : Dahman II
Dam : Obeyah Nr. 11

Head : Starlet
LF : Coronet, ermine marks
LH : White one third cannon, ermine marks
RF : None
RH : White coronet inside front and heel

Obeyan Nr. 239 — Stallion

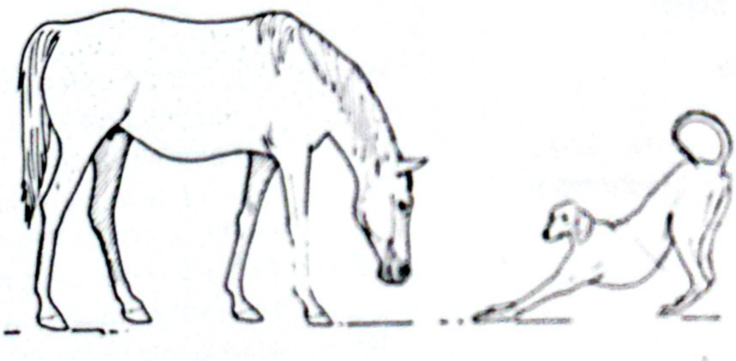
Colour : Bay
Born : 1972
Sire : Dahman Rufa Nr. 231
Dam : Obeyah Al-Qahtan (dead)

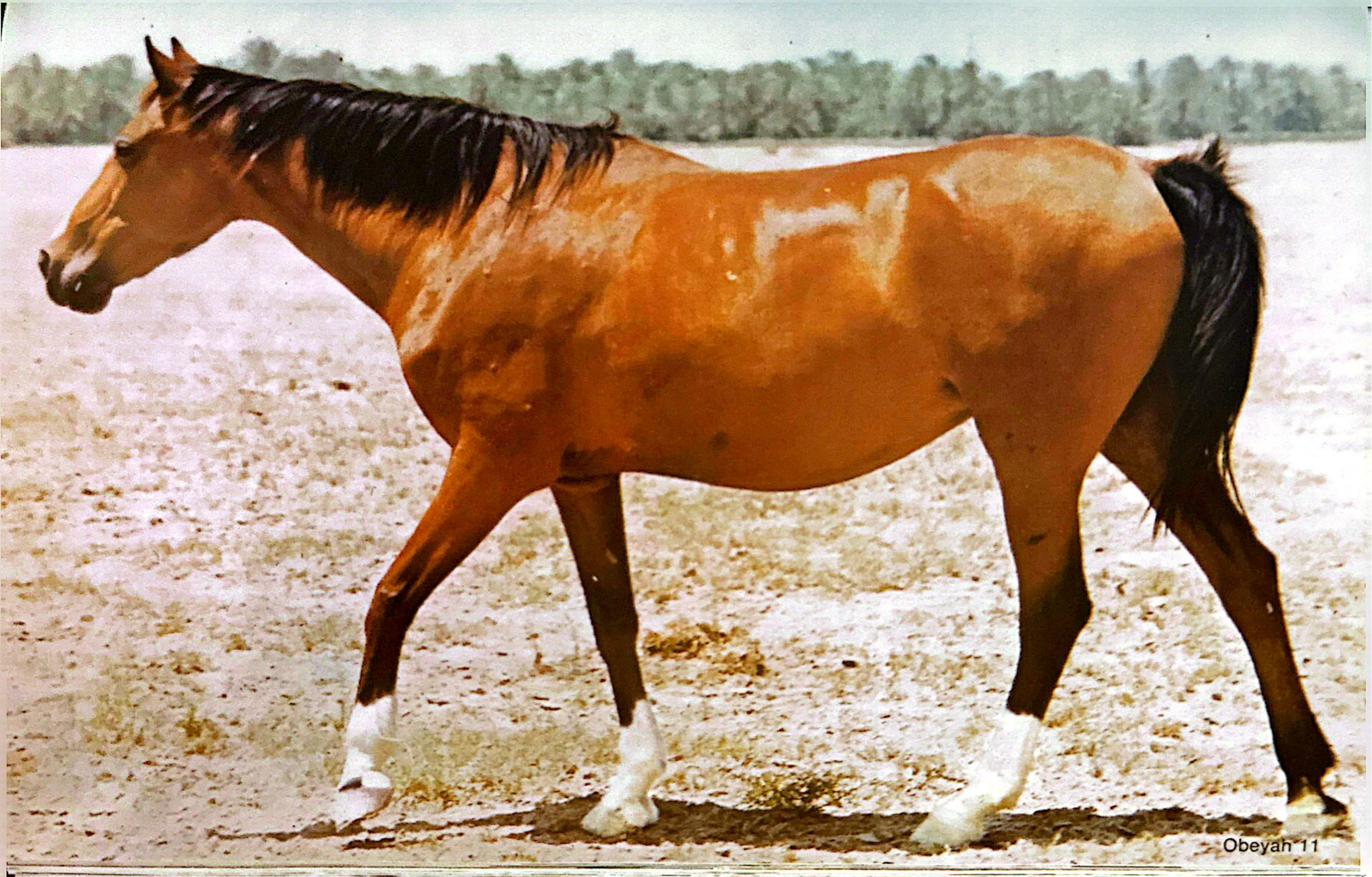
Head : Star, snip extending to left nostril
LF : None
LH : Half pastern, black spot coronet outside
RF : None
RH : Half pastern

Obeyah Nr. 310 — Mare

Colour : Bay
Born : Jan. 29, 1979
Sire : Ma'anagy Saghir Nr. 300
Dam : Obeyah Nr. 11

Head : Irregular star broadening stripe to fleshmark between nostrils, fleshmark lower lip. Two diagonal whorls eyelevel, right higher.
LF : None
LH : None
RF : Pastern, half fetlock inside, fetlock outside.
RH : None




Obeyah 11

RABDA

The story about the Rabda strain in Bahrain has reached legendary state, because it was recorded in poetry more than two hundred years ago, and is still recited today whenever horsemen gather around the campfires in the desert.

During th reign of Mohammed bin Khalifa, the Shaikh of the Anaza, Mashan bin Hethal had a famous mare which he praised as the fiercest and swiftest warmare around. The Shaikh of Bahrain heard of this mare and sent an emissary with a letter of request fcr her. As it happened Abbas Pasha of Egypt had also sent an envoy, laden with gold, hoping to secure the same mare. Both men arrived at the same time. After the evening meal with all the courtesies over, Shaikh Mashan asked his visitors to state their business. Abbas Pasha's man said he had come to buy the mare, Rabda Nazhan, and the Bahraini simply handed his letter requesting the mare. Shaikh Mashan replied that under the circumstances, he would like to think the matter over until the next day. On the following morning, with the prayers over, all the greybeards gathered around the coffee fire to discuss the problem of whom to give the mare. The advice to Mashan was to send her to Abbas since he was a powerful ruler and generous with the gold. Shaikh Mashan thanked the greybeards for their advice, but sent the mare to his kinsmen in Bahrain —and his regrets to Abbas Pasha.

A year later Shaikh Mashan bin Hathal came for a visit to Bahrain. Great was his welcome as it was well known whom he had selected to be master of Rabda Nazhan. He was told that while in Bahrain, anything at all that he saw and would like to have, would be his. While in the market place Shaikh Mashan had seen a most magnificent slave, and he expressed his desire to own this man. Alas, to the Shaikh's embarrassment the 'slave' was the Amir (mayor) of Manama. Instead, two ships full of provisions were loaded for Shaikh Mashan, who looked at the bounty and requested to have one of the ships sent to his friend, a poet, in the Al-Hasa province. Shaikh Mashan bin Hathal was later slain fighting the Turks, but his memory will be alive for as long as there is one Rabda mare left in Bahrain.

Rabda Nr. 121 — Mare

Colour	: Dark Bay	Head	: Small bordered star
Born	: 1961	LF	: None
Sire		LH	: White heel
Dam	: Rabda	RF	: None
		RH	: None

RABDA Nr. 124 — Mare

Colour: Dark Bay
Born : 1957
Sire
Dam : Rabda

Head : None
LF : None
LH : Half pastern higher behind
RF : None
RH : None

Rabda Nr. 176 — Mare

Colour: Liver Chestnut
Born : 1962
Sire : Old Dahman I
Dam : Rabda

Head : Stripe to above nostril, small snip left side nostril
LF : Fetlock
LH : Half cannon
RF : None
RH : Half cannon

Rabda Nr. 283 — Mare

Colour: Liver Chestnut
Born : March 27, 1977
Sire : Dahman II
Dam : Rabda Nr. 176

Head : Wide blaze reaching both nostrils, fleshmark lower lip
LF : White to two thirds cannon, ermine marks
LH : None
RF : White to knee, ermine marks
RH : White to two thirds cannon, ermine marks

Rabda Nr. 295 — Mare

Colour: Dark Bay
Born : Feb 8, 1978
Sire : Dahman II
Dam : Rabda Nr. 121

Head : Star, whorl mid eye level.
LF : None
LH : None
RF : None
RH : None

Rabda Nr. 306 — Mare

Colour: Brown
Born : 1973
Sire : Ma'anagy El Kebir
Dam : Rabda (dead)

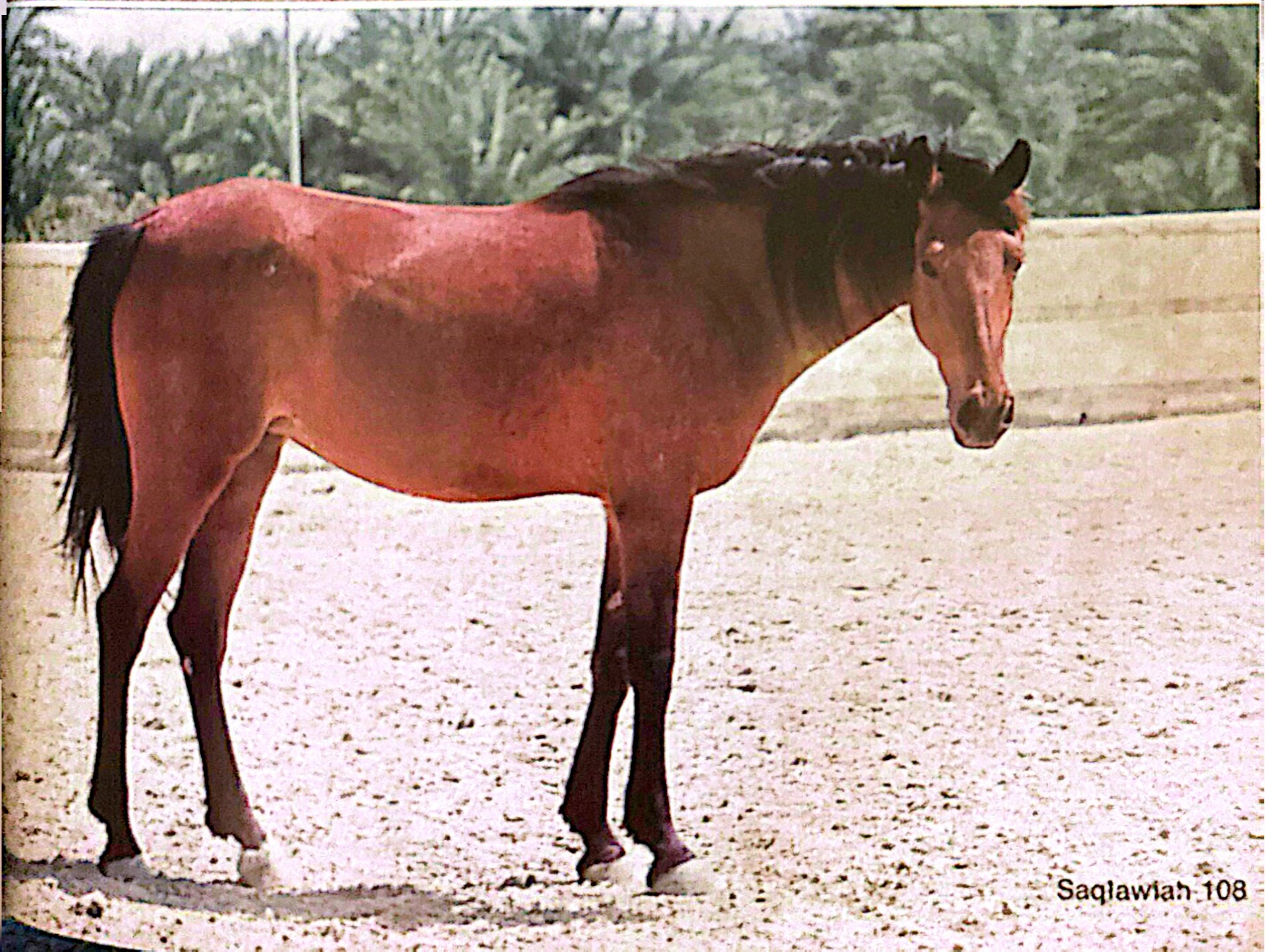
Head : Few white hairs above eye level, whorl low below eye level.
LF : None
LH : None
RF : None
RH : None

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Rabda 121 & Foal.


Rabda 306 & Foal


Saqlawiah 108

SAQLAWIEH

The Saqlawieh strain in the Amiri Stud is represented by three different lines of the family. Saqlawieh Shagara and Safra Marshosha, Saqlawieh Hamra and Saqlawieh Riadh.

In 1939 a Saqlawieh mare in foal was brought as a gift from King Abdul Aziz Al-Saud to Shaikh Hamed bin Isa. The foal, a filly, later became the personal mount of Sir Charles Belgrave who named it Oleander for her beautiful pink-chestnut coat. Oleander was mated to Speckled Jellaby II and she had a filly, Saqlawieh bint Oleander. Bint Oleander lived to a ripe old age and had several offspring by the different stallions standing at stud over the years. Two of her fillies are included in the Amiri Stud.

Saqlawieh Hamra has no colourful history, while Saqlawieh Riadh was bred in Saudi Arabia by Emir Bender bin Sultan Abdul Aziz Al-Saud, who specialised in this particular strain. Saqlawieh with her own sire was presented to H.H. Shaikh Isa in 1964 from The Amir of Riadh, Sulman bin Abdulla Aziz Al-Saud.

Saqlawieh Shagara Nr. 13 — Mare

Colour: Chestnut
Born : 1970
Sire : Dahman II
Dam : Saqlawieh bint Oleander

Head : Star, stripe extending to left nostril and muzzle
LF : Coronet
LH : Half cannon extending three quarters on outside
RF : Fetlock extending one third cannon outside
RH : Fetlock extending to half cannon outside

Saqlawieh Hamra (bint Salqa) Nr. 108 — Mare

Colour: Bay
Born: : 1971
Sire : Dahman II
Dam : Saqlawieh Salqa (dead)

Head : Whorl midline eye level.
LF : None
LH : White coronet
RF : None
RH : None

Saqlawieh Safra Marshosha Nr. 204 — Mare

Colour: Speckled Grey
Born : 1968
Sire : Old Dahman I
Dam : Saqlawieh bint Oleander

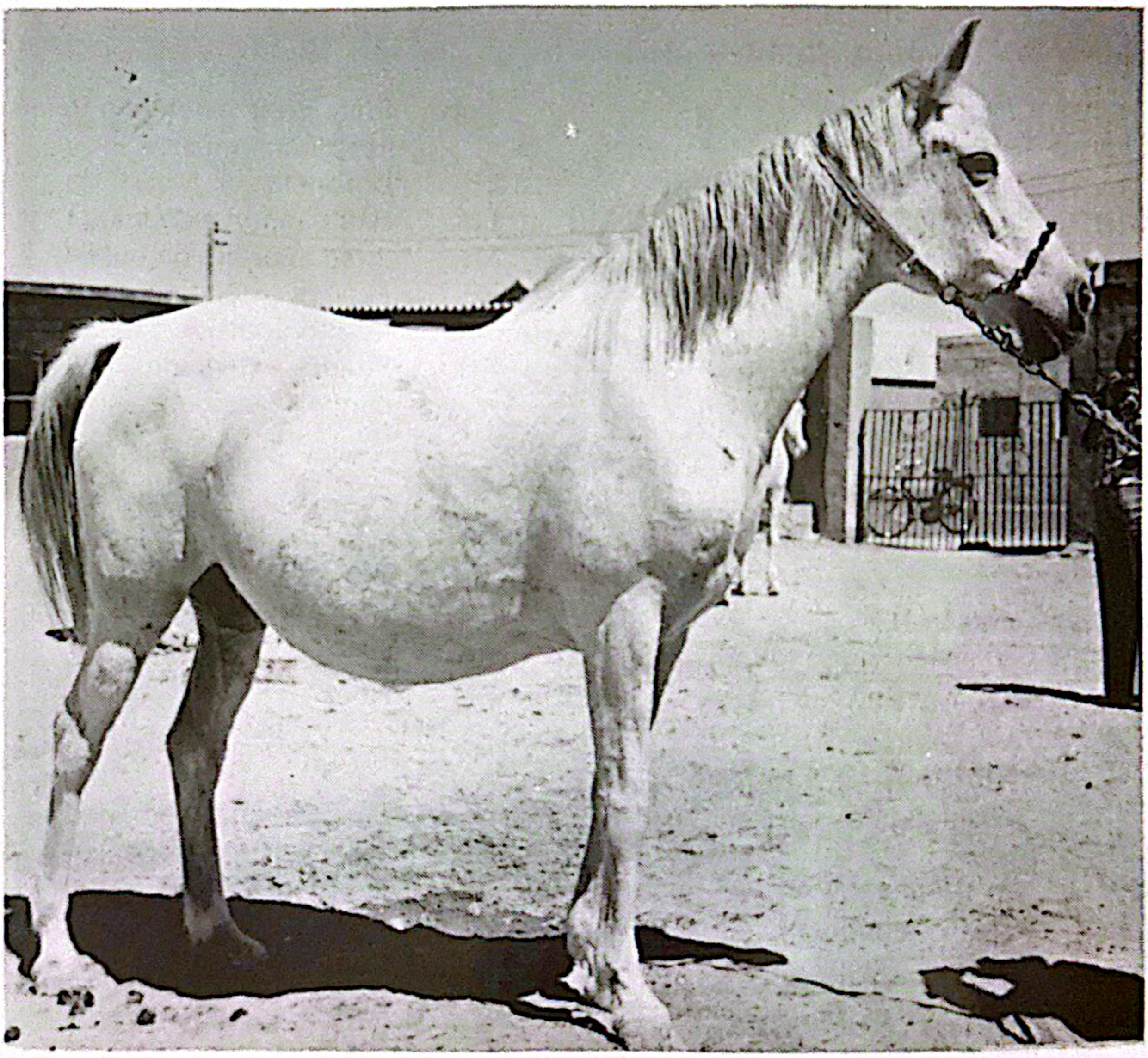
Head : Two diagonal whorls above eye level close together, right higher.
LF : None
LH : None
RF : None
RH : None

Saqlawieh Riadh Nr. 271 — Mare

Colour	: Grey	Head	: Stripe below eyelevel to both nostrils and muzzle
Born	: 1956	LF	: None
Sire	: Hamdany Riadh	LH	: Half cannon
Dam	: Saqlawieh	RF	: None
		RH	: None

Saqlawieh Nr. 285 — Mare

Colour	: Bright Bay	Head	: Star
Born	: April 13, 1977	LF	: None
Sire	: Dahman II	LH	: Fetlock, two ermine marks
Dam	: Saqlawieh Riadh Nr. 271	RF	: Pastern higher behind
		RH	: Fetlock



Saqlawiah Riadh



1980 Foals



Shawafa 60 & Foal

SHAWAFA

This ancient family of horse is believed to have been with the Al-Khalifa from the earliest time of their history. A saying, attributed to Shaikh Mohammed bin Khalifa in the 19th century is still believed in : 'If you own a Shawaf stallion, whether he is big or small, handsome or homely, you must use him for breeding stud, for his blood is guaranteed to be the noblest of all'.

Shawafa Nr. 60 — Mare

Colour	Bay	Head	Small Star
Born	1965	LF	None
Sire	Jellaby Wasmiah	LH	None
Dam	Bint Shawafa Awda	RF	None
		RH	White triangular mark front coronet

Shawafa Nr. 61 — Mare

Colour	Bay	Head	Star above eyelevel midline, whorl lower eyelevel.
Born	1973	LF	None
Sire	Ma'anagy El Kebir	LH	None
Dam	Shawafa Nr. 60	RF	None
		RH	None

Shawafa Nr. 160 — Mare

Colour	Bay	Head	Star
Born	1969	LF	None
Sire	Jellaby Wazmiah	LH	Half pastern
Dam	Bint Shawafa Awda	RF	None
		RH	None

Shawafa Nr. 264 — Mare

Colour	Bay	Head	Elongated star
Born	1975	LF	None
Sire	Ma'anagy El Kebir	LH	Cononet, ermine marks
Dam	Shawafa Nr. 160	RF	None
		RH	None

Shawafa Nr. 301 — Mare

Colour	Dark Bay	Head	Star
Born	April 30, 1978	LF	None
Sire	Ma'anagy El Saghir Nr. 300	LH	White pastern
Dam	Shawafa Nr. 60	RF	None
		RH	None

Shawafa Nr. 302 — Mare

Colour	Bay	Head	Star, stripe to muzzle
Born	April 2, 1978	LF	None
Sire	Jellaby Sakhir. 270	LH	None
Dam	Shawafa Nr. 160	RF	None
		RH	None

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SHUWAIMAH

The Shuwaimah, an old respectable strain neither extolled nor despised in Bahrain, seems to have been on the island from earliest times.

Shuwaimah Nr. 47 — Mare

Colour : Gray Speckled
Born : 1954
Sire : Speckled Jellaby II
Dam : Shuwaimah

Head : Star and snip on muzzle
LF : None
LH : None
RF : None
RH : None

Shuwaimah Nr. 48 — Mare

Colour : Grey
Born : 1973
Sire : Handany Nr. 71
Dam : Shuwaimah Nr. 47

Head : Star, stripe extending both nostrils and whole of muzzle, flesh mark lower lip
LF : None
LH : None
RF : None
RH : None

Shuwaimah Nr. 165 — Mare

Colour : Dark Bay
Born : 1962
Sire :
Dam : Shuwaimah Nr. 47

Head : Stripe to right nostril
LF : None
LH : None
RF : None
RH : None

Shuwaimah Nr. 181 — Mare

Colour : Dark Bay
Born : 1970
Sire : Jellaby Sakhir Nr. 270
Dam : Shuwaimah No. 165

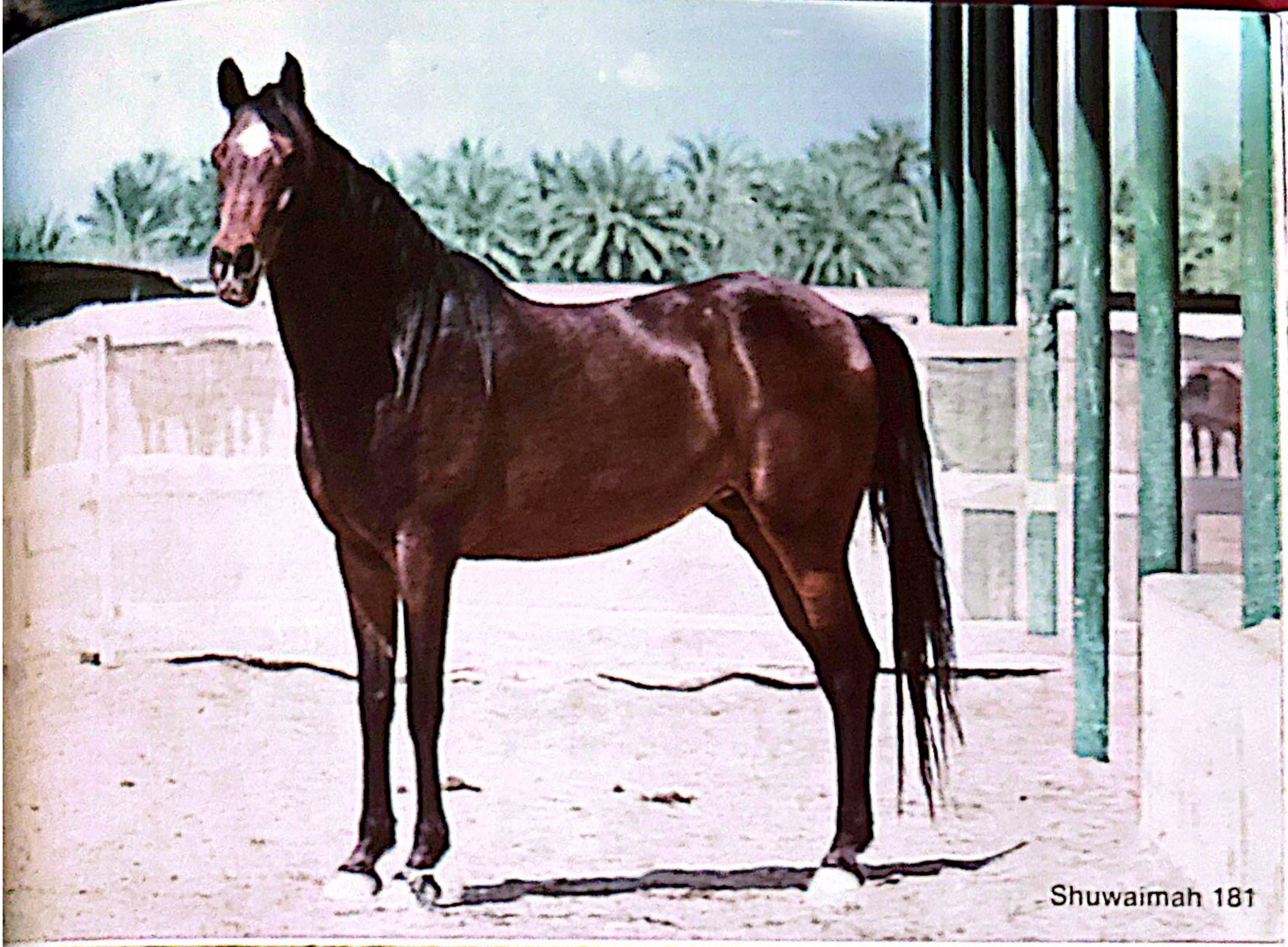
Head : Star
LF : None
LH : None
RF : None
RH : None

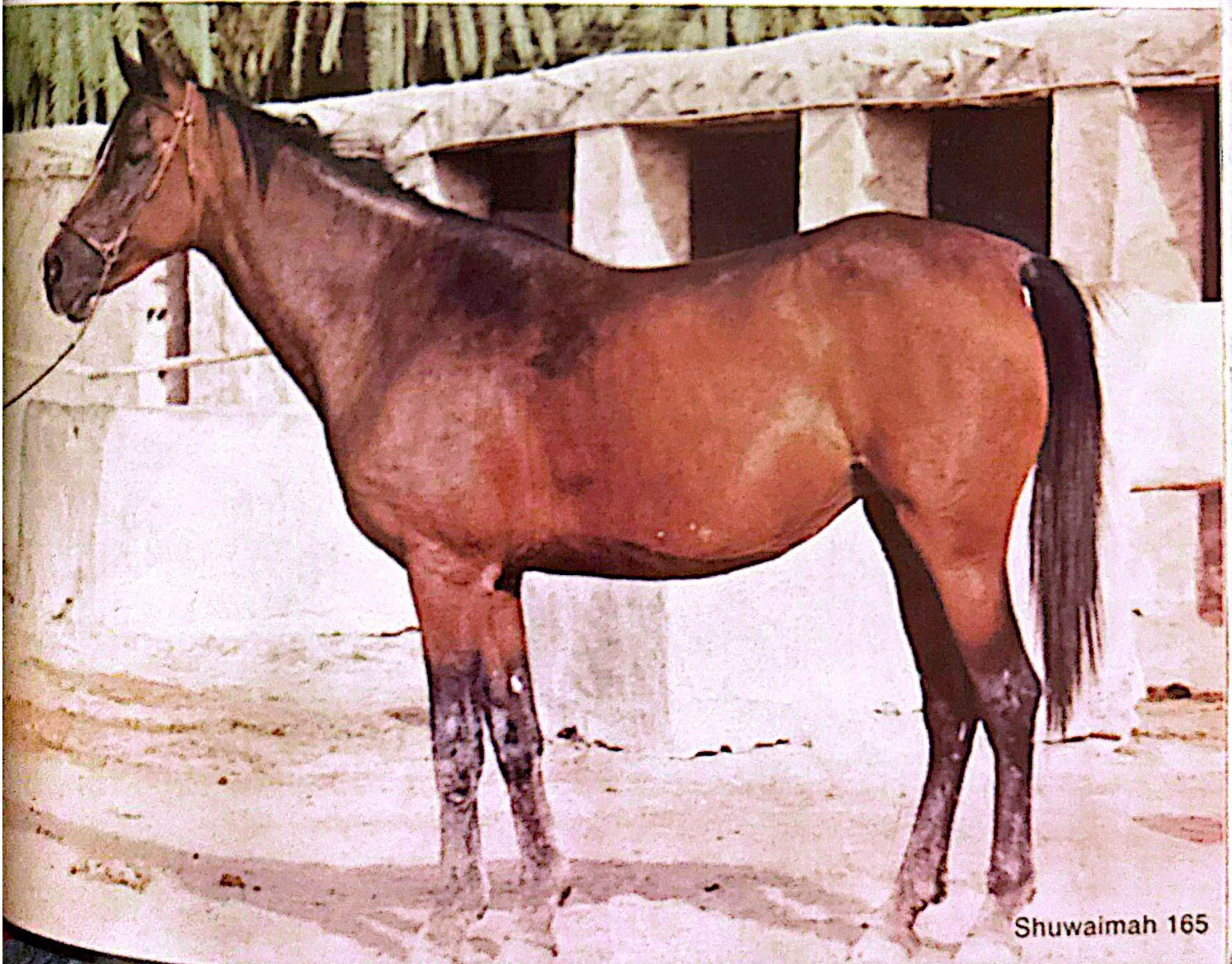
Shuwaimah Nr. 201 — Mare

Colour : Speckled Grey
Born : 1970
Sire : Krushan (El Aswed)
Dam : Shuwaimah (dead)

Head : Whorl midline eye level
LF : None
LH : None
RF : None
RH : None

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Shuwaimah 181


Shuwaimah 165

Shuwaimah Nr. 303 — Mare

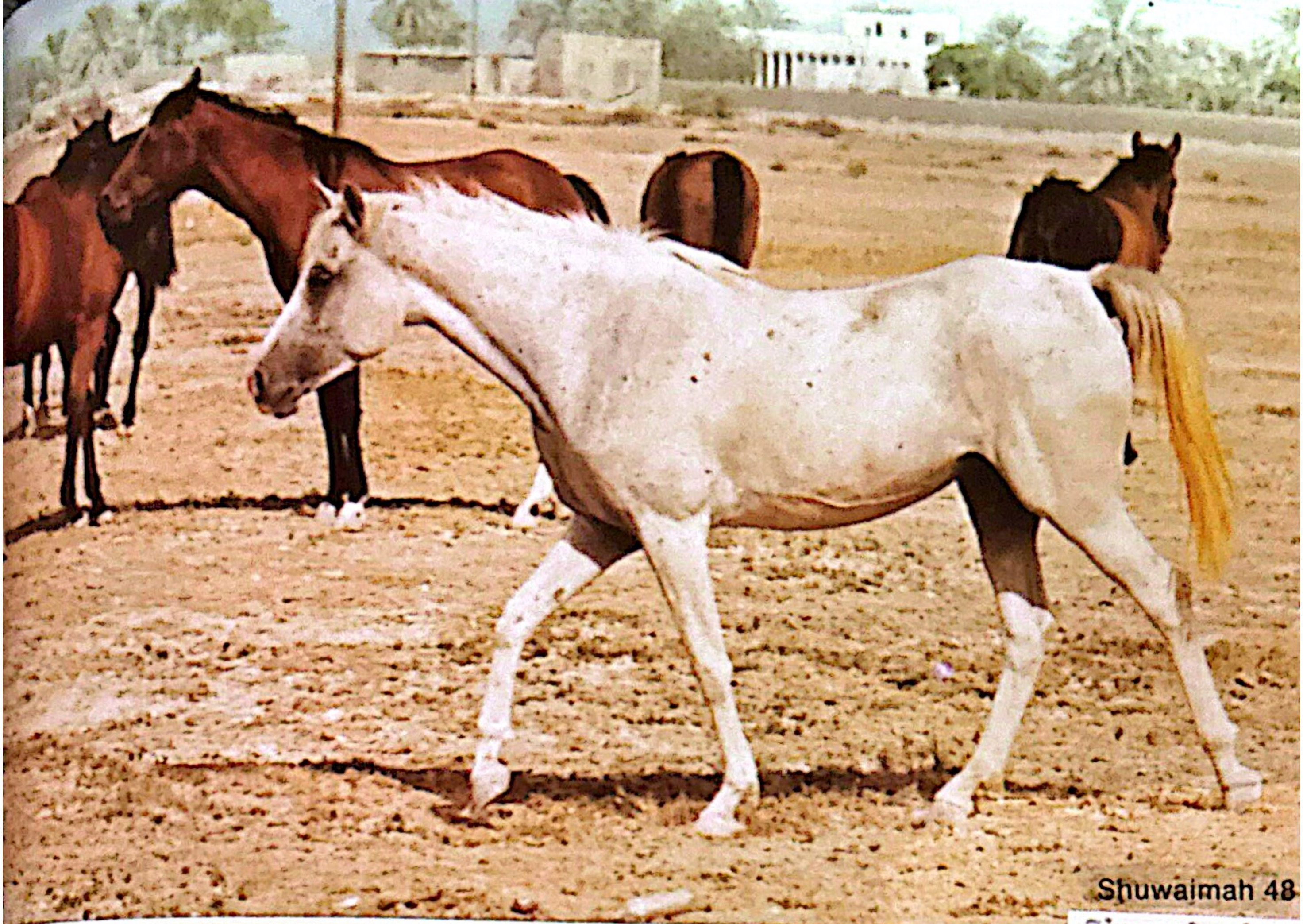
Colour	: Bay	Head	: Whorl counter clock wise midline eye level, whorls anterior crest each side.
Born	: April 12,. 1978	LF	: None
Sire	: Jellaby Sakhir 270	LH	: None
Dam	: Shuwaimah Nr. 47	RF	: None
		RH	: None

Shuwaimah Nr. 316 — Mare

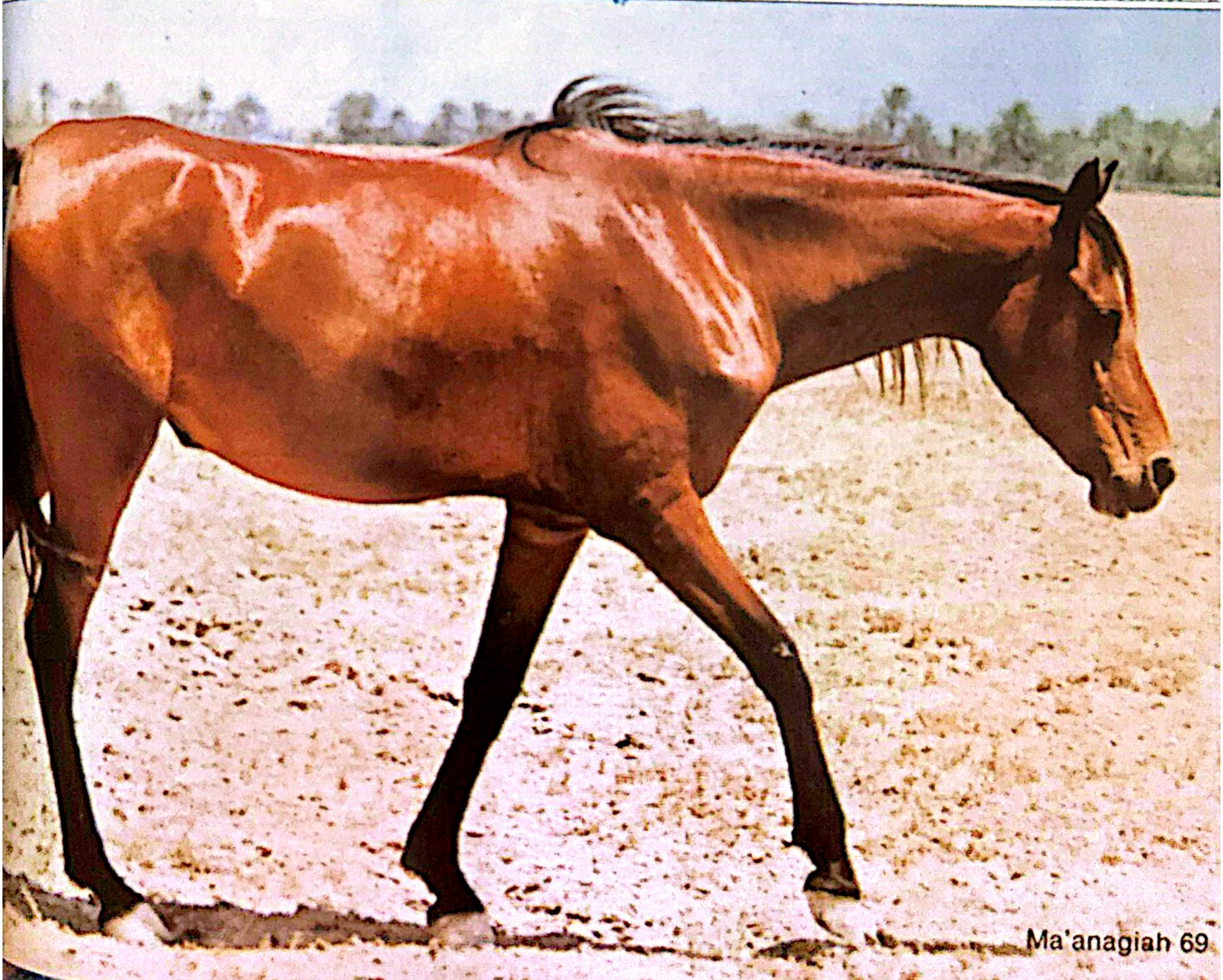
Colour	: Bay	Head	: Star, stripe ending fleshmark both nostrils and upper lip, fleshmark lower lip.
Born	: April 11, 1979	LF	: None
Sire	: Jellaby Sakhir Nr. 270	LH	: Three quarter cannon
Dam	: Shuwaimah Nr. 47	RF	: Half cannon higher inside
		RH	: Half cannon higher inside



Old Shuwaimah 47



Shuwaimah 48



Ma'anagiah 69

TUWAISAH

Early this century, two mares of the Tuwaisah Atiq strain, bred by the Anaza in the Northern region, were brought to Shaikh Hamed bin Isa as a tribute. It was said that the mares were rather insignificant looking and very small in stature — but when mated with the Bahrain stallions, they produced most magnificent offspring. The story is told that when Shaikh Hamed once had prominent visitors from abroad, they had admired some beautiful young foals cavorting outside the guest palace. They had requested to see the dams of these foals. When Shaikh Hamed had the Tuwaisah Atiq mares brought forth, the guests could not believe that such homely mares could produce anything so beautiful — whereupon Shaikh Hamed likened the old mares to the ugly oyster, which when opened will produce a pearl.

The Tuwaisah family today all descend from these two Tuwaisah Atiq mares.

Tuwaisah Nr. 5 — Mare

Colour: Bay
Born : 1966
Sire : Jellaby Sakhir Nr.270
Dam : Tuwaisah

Head: Bordered star with stripe across bridge of nose to right nostril and muzzle.
LF : Three quarter pastern to fetlock behind.
LH : Two third pastern to fetlock behind.
RF : Pastern
RH : None

Tuwaisah Nr. 10 — Mare

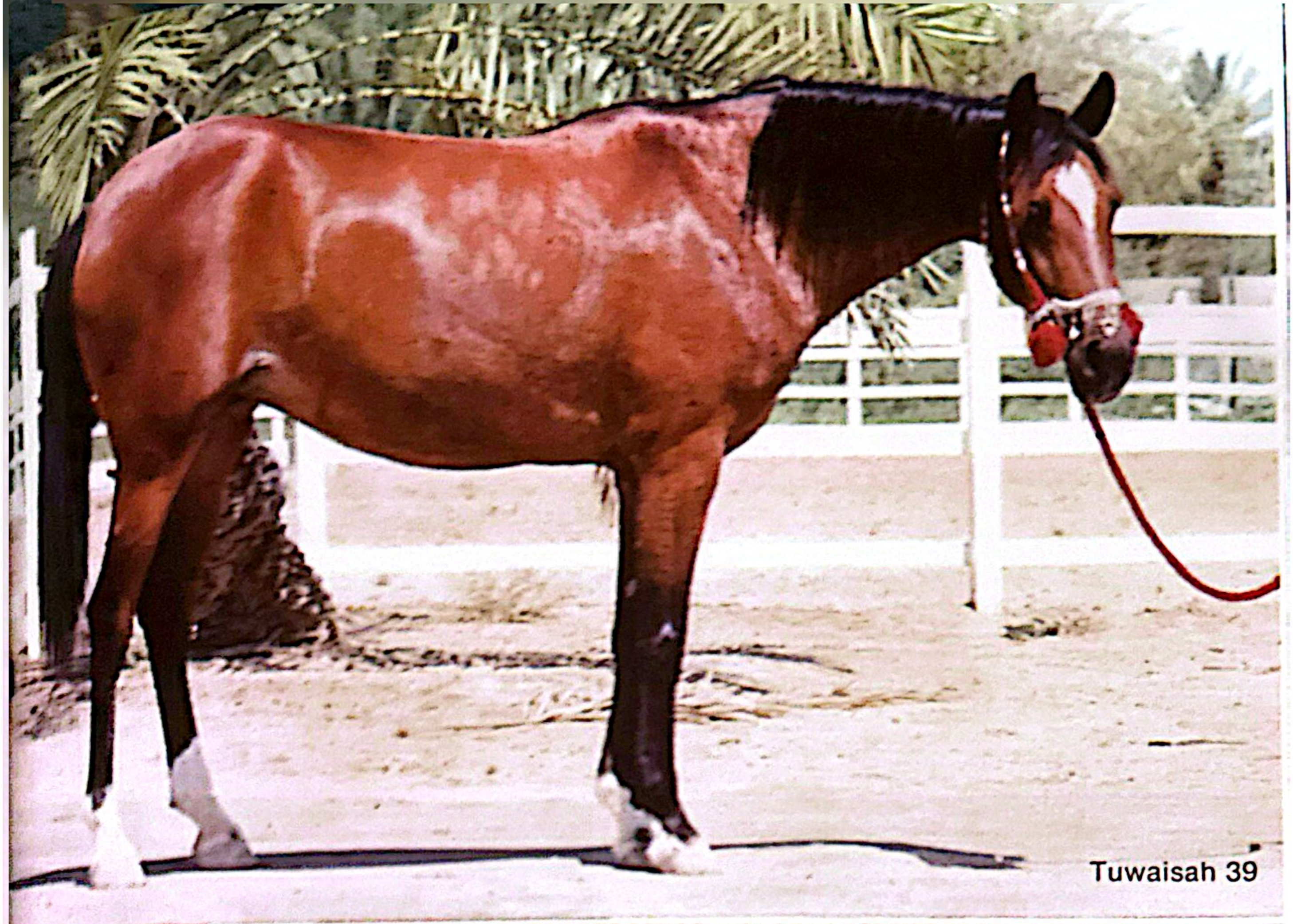
Colour: Bay
Born : 1969
Sire : Dahman II
Dam : Tuwaisah Nr. 14

Head: Star
LF : Pastern to fetlock behind, black spot on front
LH : None
RF : None
RH : Fetlock extending to half cannon inside

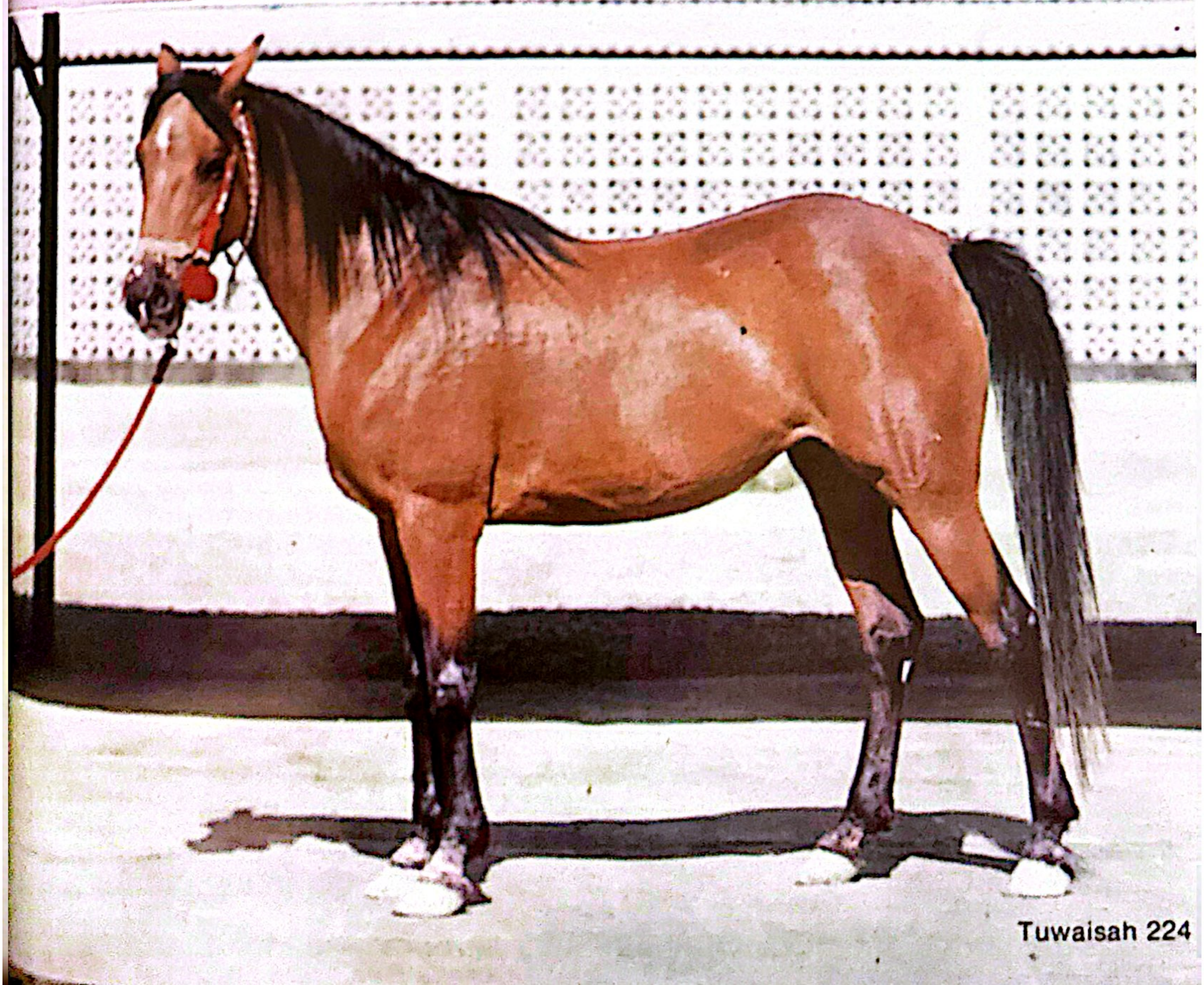
Tuwaisah Nr. 14 — Mare

Colour: Bay
Born : 1964
Sire : Jellaby Wazmiah
Dam : Tuwaisah

Head : Small star, stripe mixed hairs to muzzle
LF : None
LH : Fetlock, black spot inside
RF : None
RH : Fetlock



Tuwaisah 39



Tuwaisah 224

Tuwaisah Nr. 39 — Mare

Colour : Bay
Born : 1972
Sire : Jellaby Sakhir Nr. 270
Dam : Tuwaisah (dead)

Head : Star, mixed hair half stripe
LF : Pastern, half fetlock behind, ermine marks
LH : One third cannon with black marks
RF : Coronet higher behind, ermine marks
RH : Half fetlock

Tuwaisah Nr. 54 — Mare

Colour : Bay
Born : 1972
Sire : Dahman II
Dam : Tuwaisah Nr. 14

Head : Bordered whorl midline eye level Star
LF : None
LH : None
RF : None
RH : None

Tuwaisah Nr. 64 — Mare

Colour : Bay
Born : 1962
Sire : Old Dahman I
Dam : Tuwaisah

Head : Star
LF : None
LH : White spot on heel
RF : None
RH : Coronet, ermine marks

Tuwaisah Nr. 155 — Mare

Colour : Bay
Born : 1971
Sire : Jellaby Wazmiah
Dam : Tuwaisah 156

Head : Two diagonal whorls above eye level left higher within small star.
LF. : None
LH : Pastern, half fetlock back and inside.
RF : None
RH : None

Tuwaisah Nr. 156 — Mare

Colour : Bay
Born : 1950
Sire —
Dam : Tuwaisah

Head : Star
LF : None
LH : None
RF : None
RH : None

Tuwaisah Nr. 224 — Mare

Colour: Bay
Born : 1966
Sire : Jellaby Sakhir Nr. 270
Dam : Tuwaisah

Head : Star, snip upper lip and flesh mark
LF : None
LH : None
RF : None
RH : None

Tuwaisah Nr. 232 — Mare

Colour: Speckled Grey
Born : 1961
Sire : Speckled Jellaby II
Dam : Tuwaisah

Head : Whorl midline eye level
LF : White foot
LH : White foot
RF : White foot
RH : White foot

Tuwaisah Nr. 253 — Mare

Colour: Bay
Born : 1975
Sire : Dahman II
Dam Tuwaisah Nr. 5

Head : Star, stripe extending both nostrils, flesh mark left lower lip.
LF : None
LH : Half cannon, ermine marks.
RF : None
RH : Half cannon, ermine marks.

Tuwaisah Nr. 261 — Mare

Colour: Bay
Born : 1975
Sire : Ma'anagy El Kebir
Dam : Tuwaisah Nr. 172 (dead)

Head : Small star, dot between nostrils
LF : None
LH : None
RF : None
RH : Half fetlock higher behind

Tuwaisan Nr. 307 — Stallion

Colour: Chestnut
Born : Feb 7, 1979
Sire : Jellaby Sakhir Nr. 270
Dam : Tuwaisah Nr. 14

Head : Irregular star, stripe to between nostrils, fleshmark lower lip.
LF : Pastern higher behind
LH : Half cannon, higher on front.
RF : Fetlock
FH : Half cannon.

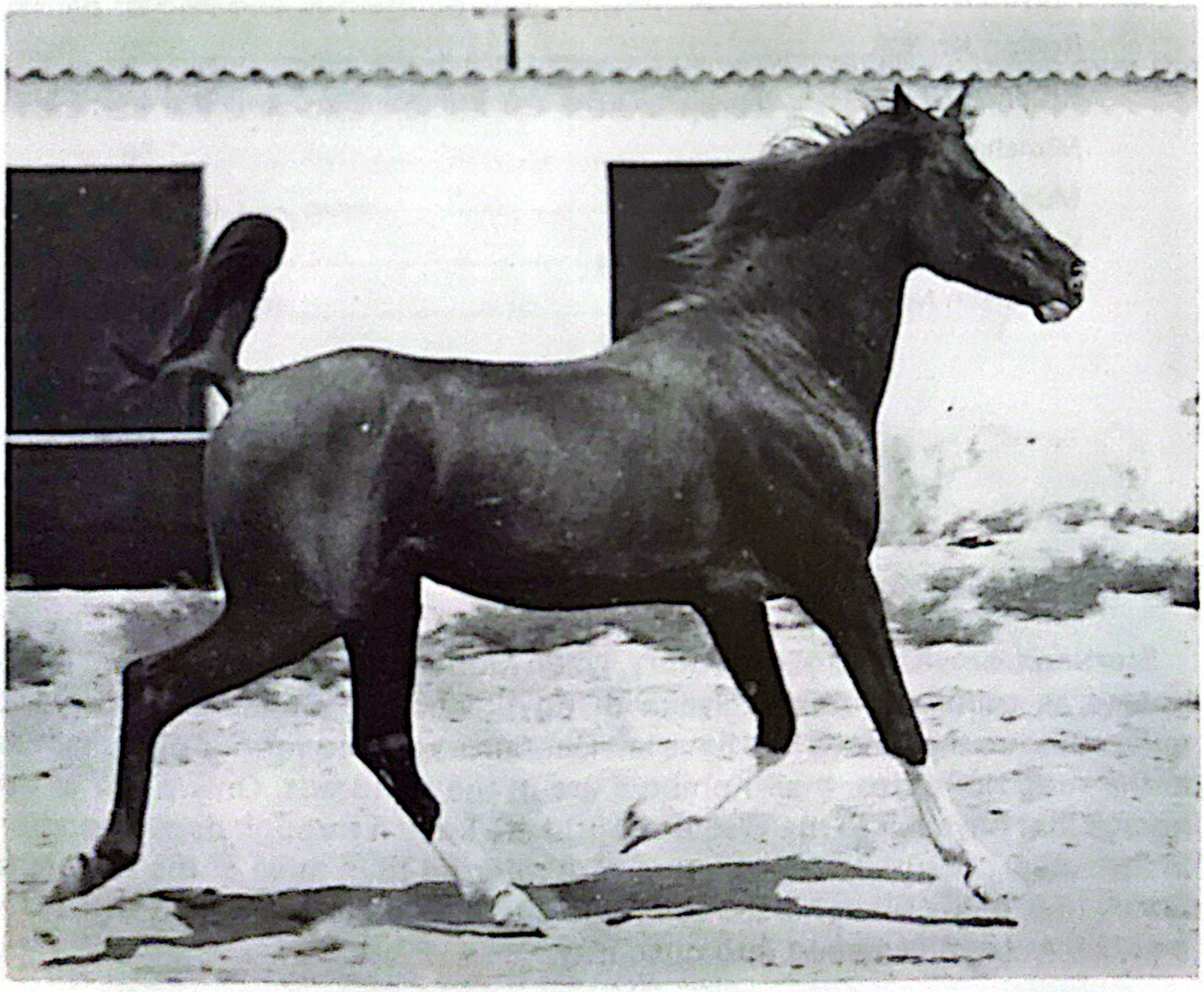
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WATHNAH

This well known ancient strain — due to some mishaps — is represented by only one mare.

Wathnah Nr. 58 — Mare

Colour	: Bay	Head	: Star, whorl midline eye level.
Born	: 1973	LF	: None
Sire	: Ma'anagy El Kebir	LH	: Half pastern outside, full pastern inside.
Dam	: Wathnah Nr. 57 (dead)	RF	: None
		RH	: None



Wathnan

STALLIONS

Export of horses

Starting from the mid 19th century, when Mohammed bin Khalifa sent many horses as tribute to Abbas Pasha of Egypt and the Sultan of Turkey, so numerous are the horses that have left Bahrain as gifts to various personalities in the Arab countries, their numbers are in the hundreds. Only a few of the horses that have left to the Western world are known through documentation in their new countries. These horses are referred to in table of the Al-Khalifa family tree. Many other horses still remembered locally to have left to the U.K and U.S.A. have vanished into obscurity.

Associate Studs

Shaikh Mohammed bin Sulman's Stud.

Shaikh Mohammed's breeding policy has been a continuation of old tradition. The stock consist of mares of the oldest strains inherited from his father Shaikh Sulman and a Hamdanieh mare acquired in 1962 from Saudi Arabia. Stallions used stood at the Bahrain Royal Stud, whith one exception: Hamdany Riadh. Hamdany was presented to Shaikh Mohammed in 1964 by the Emir of Riadh, Sulman bin Abdul Aziz Al Saud.

In early 1970 the stud comprised of about thirty broodmares representing several ancient strains, but has now been reduced to only five strains. The Hamdaniah, Kuheilah Jellabiah, Kuhailah Sai'da, Ma'anagieh and Rabda. The family of Musannah and Tuwaisah were turned over to The Amiri Stud, the Dahmah died out leaving no female descendants and many others were presented to persons in neighbouring countries.

A great traditionalist, Shaikh Mohammed's severe culling of colts over the years had left only one stallion for stud purpose.

Jellabiah Nr. M 1 — mare

Colour: Bay
Born : Early fifties
Sire :
Dam : Jellabiah Sadja

Head : Elongated star, whorl eye level to the left.
LF : None
RF : None
LH : Coronet
RH : None

Jellabiah Nr. M2 — mare

Colour: Bay
Born : 1968
Sire : Shawaf*
Dam : Jellabiah Nr. M1

Head : Small bordered star, whorl above eyelevel left, fleshmark touching both nostrils, snip upper lip.
LF : None
RF : None
LH : None
RH : None

* *Shawaf Stud at Mounted Police, bred at The Royal Stud.*

Jellabiah El Kha'a Nr. M3 — mare

Colour: Grey Speckled
Born : 1967
Sire : Hamdany Riadh
Dam : Jellabiah Nr. M1

Head : Whorl upper eyelevel, lack of pigment around eyes and muzzle.
LF : None
RF : None
LH : None
RH : None

Jellabiah Safra Nr. M4 — mare

Colour: Grey Speckled
Born : 1968
Sire : Hamdany Riadh
Dam : Jellabiah Nr. M1

Head : Whorl eyelevel to the right, snip upper lip.
LF : None
RF : None
LH : White hoof
RH : White hoof

Jellabiah Shagara Nr. M5 — mare

Colour: Chestnut
Born : 1974
Sire : Dahman II
Dam : Jellabiah Nr. M2

Head : Blaze including both nostrils, whorl eye level, fleshmark lower lip.
LF : Pastern
RF : Pastern higher behind
LH : Half cannon higher inside
RH : Half cannon higher inside

Jellabiah Nr. M6 — mare

Colour: Brown Bay
Born : 1978
Sire : Ma'anagy El Ahmar Nr. M20
Dam : Jellabiah Nr. M4

Head : Bordered narrow star, two diagonal whorls upper eye level, stripe including both nostrils, fleshmark lowerlip.
LF : Half pastern higher behind
RF : Fetlock higher behind and inside
LH : Quarter cannon higher inside
RH : Quarter cannon higher inside

Jellaby Nr. M7 — stallion

Colour: Black Brown
Born : 1974
Sire : Dahman II
Dam : Jellabiah El Kha'a Nr. M3

Head : Whorl upper eye level slightlt to the right.
LF : None
RF : None
LH : None
RH : None

Jellaby Nr. M8 — stallion

Colour	: Grey Speckled	Head	: Median whorl eye level, small fleshmark upper lip.
Born	: 1974	LF	: None
Sire	: Dahman II	RF	: None
Dam	: Jellabiah Safra Nr. M4	LH	: None
		RH	: None

Jellaby Nr. M9 — stallion

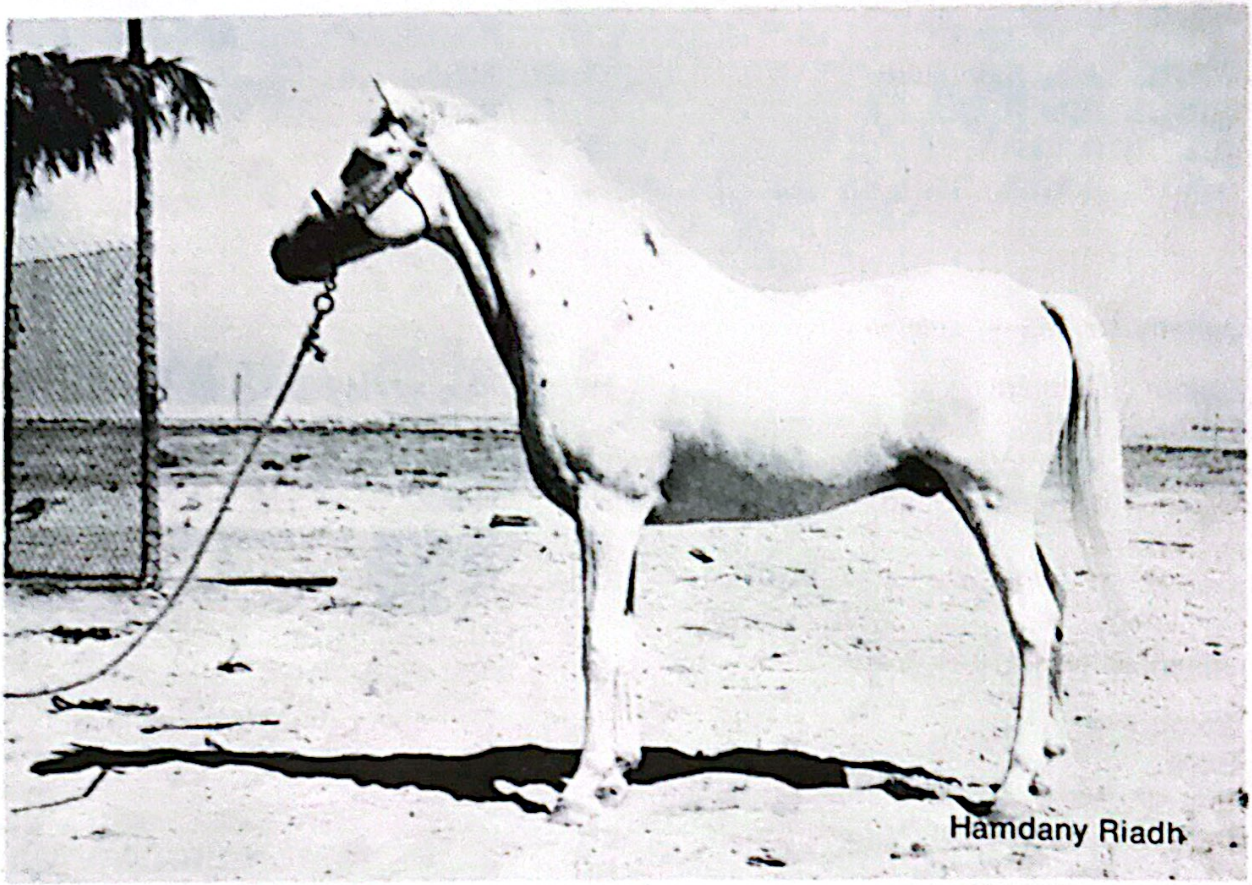
Colour	: Dark Bay	Head	: Few white hairs with two diagonal whorls eys level.
Born	: 1977	LF	: None
Sire	: Ma'anagy El Ahmar Nr. M20	RF	: None
Dam	: Jellabiah (dead)	LH	: Coronet
		RH	: Half pastern

Jellabiah Nr. M10 — mare

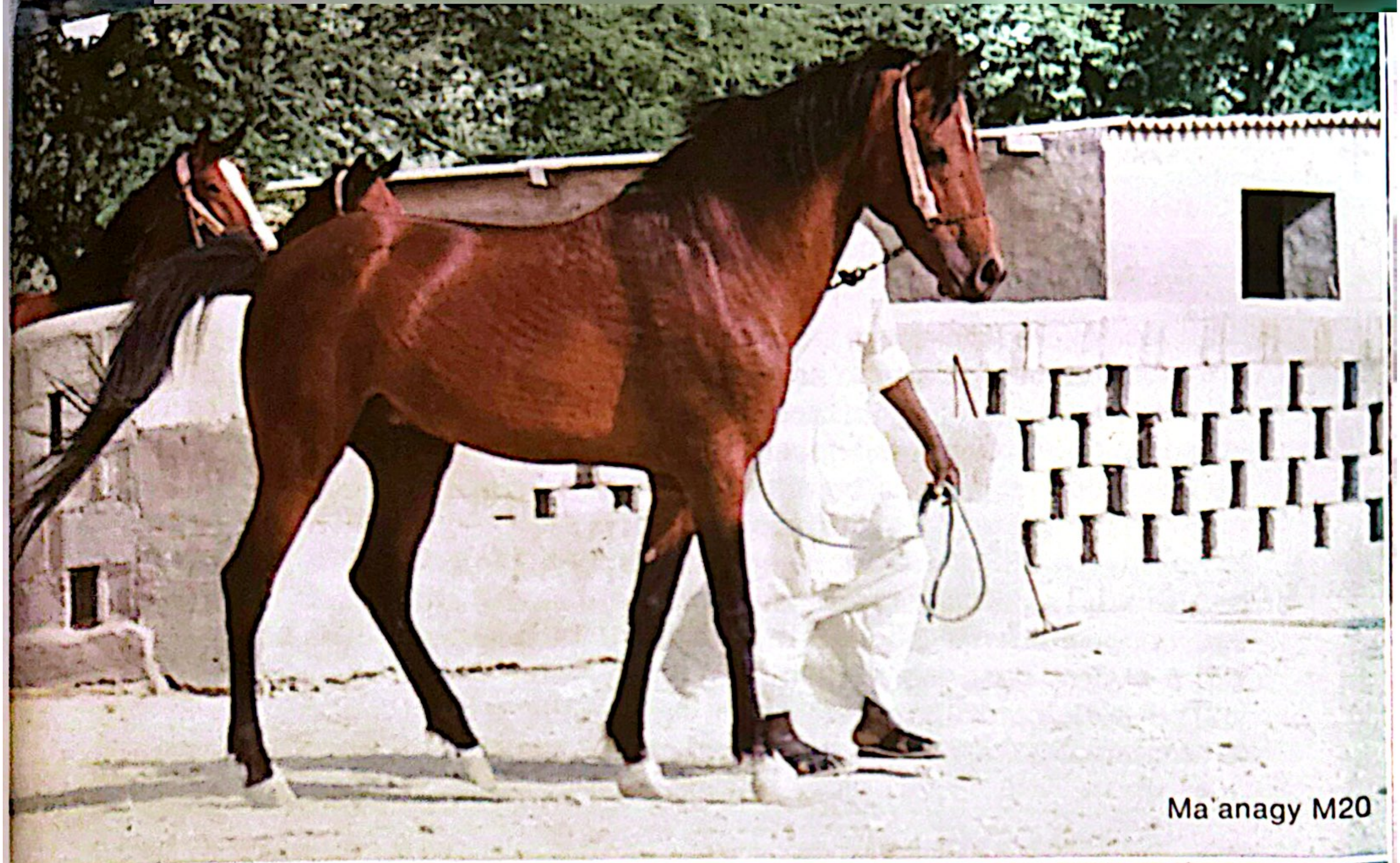
Colour	: Bay	Head	: Three whorls above eye level.
Born	: 1979	LF	: None
Sire	: Ma'anagy El Ahmar Nr. M20	RF	: None
Dam	: Jellabiah Nr. M2	LH	: None
		RH	: None

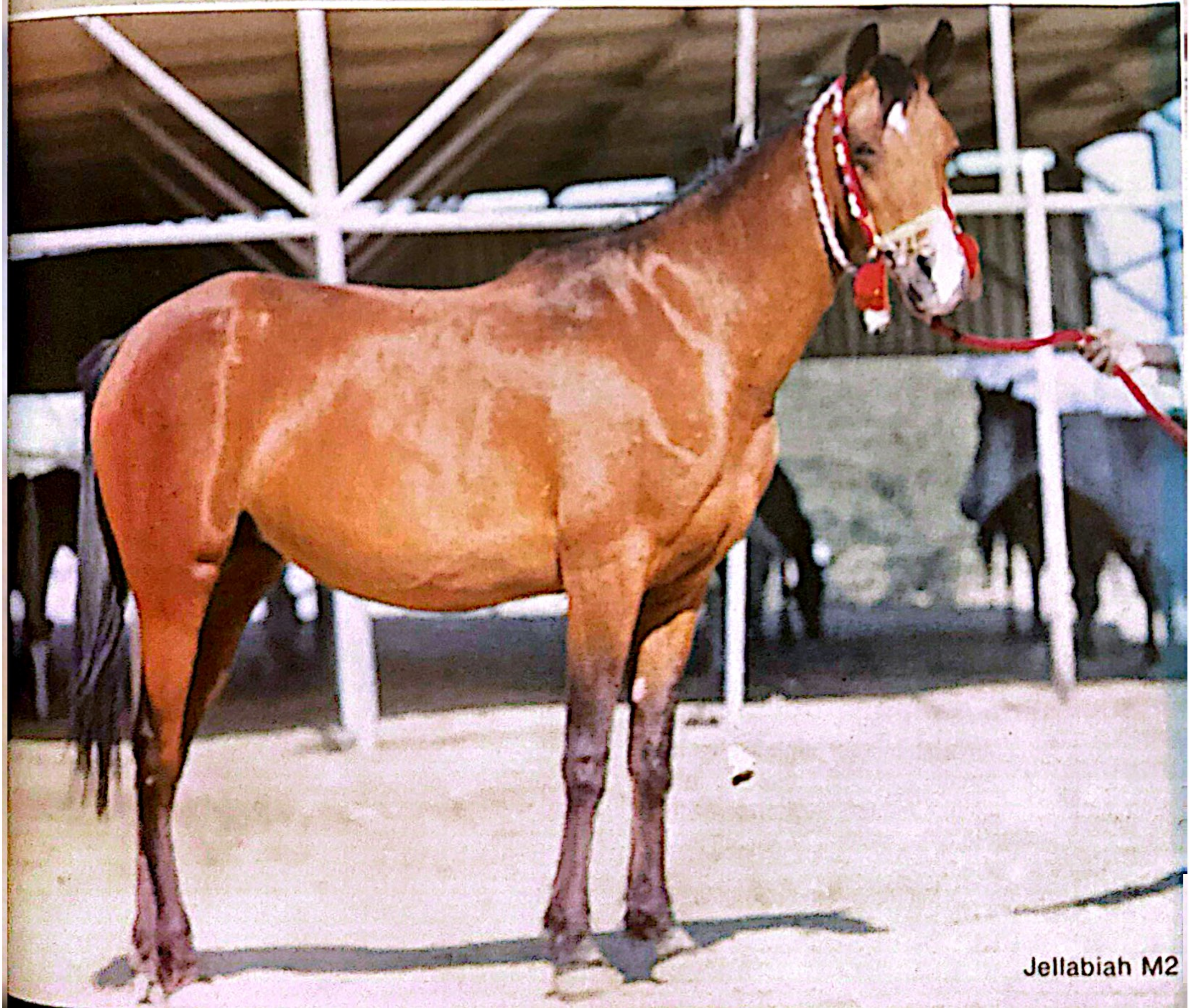


Shawaf with mounted police


Hamdany Riadh


Ma'anagieh Marshoosha


Ma'anagy M20


Jellabiah M2

KUHEILAH SAI'DA

The Kuheilah Sai'da strain is a family of horse peculiar to Bahrain. The oft told story how the name came about is still repeated in gatherings when men discuss horses of old and their merits.

In early 19th century the Al-Khalifa's had to repel many invaders to accertain their supremacy in Bahrain. In the year 1816 one of attempts to overtake the islands by the forces of the Sultan of Muscat, Said bin Sultan, a big battle was fought on the shores of Bahrain. When the Muscati fleet was sighted aproaching on the Eastern coast-horsemen were gathered and positioned awaiting their landing. Although the Muscat forces were greately superior in numbers and fought fiercely, the shallow waters on the shore was to the advantage of the Al-Khalifa horsemen, who were victorious. The remaining of the routed enemy took to their ships and left the shores of Bahrain. When the victorious horsemen returned to their home camp, a Kuheilal mare gave birth to a filly foal. To commemorate the glorious battle and defeat of Said bin Sultan the filly was named Sai'da. The Sai'da at Shaikh Mohammed's stud are decendants of this mare

Sai'da Nr. M11 — mare

Colour: Chestnut
Born : Mid fifties
Sire :
Dam : Saida

Head : Wide blase including both nostrils with black spots upper lip and nostrils, fleshmark lower lip.
LF : Fetlock
RF : Full cannon
LH : Fetlock
RH : Half cannon higher in front.

Sai'da Nr. M12 — mare

Colour: Chestnut
Born : 1968
Sire : Jellaby Najib
Dam : Sai'da Nr. M 11

Head : Wide blaze including left nostril, inside right nostril. Black spots between nostrils, fleshmark lower lip.
LF : Fetlock
RF : Coronet
LH : Pastern
RH : Three quarter cannon

Sai'da Nr. M13 — mare

Colour: Bay
Born : 1974
Sire : Dahman II
Dam : Sai'da Nr. M11

Head : Bordered star, whorl mideye level, stripe touching both nostrils.
LF : Coronet, ermine marks
RF : Pasten outside, fetlock inside.
LH : None
RH· : Pastern outside, fetlock inside.

Sai'dan Nr. M14 — stallion

Colour : Bay
Born : 1978
Sire : Ma'anagy El Ahmar Nr. M20
Dam : Saida Nr. M 11

Head : Large star, stripe including both nostrils inside, flesh-mark left lower lip.
LF : Coronet outside
RF : None
LH : White spot coronet front
RH : Outside pastern, arrow upto fetlock.

Rabda Nr. M15 — mare

Colour : Chestnut
Born : (aged mare)
Sire :
dam : Rabda

Head : Blase touching both nostrils, flesh mark upper lip and lower lip.
LF : Half cannon higher inside
RF : Half cannon
LH : Coronet front, outside and heel
RH : None

Rabda Nr. M16 — mare

Colour : Grey
Born : 1968
Sire : Hamdany Riadh
Dam : Rabda (given away)

Head : Stripe including full right : nostril touching left nostril, whorl above eyelevel
LF : None
RF : None
LH : None
RH : None

Rabda Nr. M 17 — mare

Colour : Grey Speckled
Born : 1968
Sire: : Hamdany Riadh
Dam : Rabda Nr. M15

Head : Whorl eye level, lack of pigment on muzzle, fleshmark upper and lower lips.
LF : White hoof
RF : White foot
RH : White foot
RH : White foot

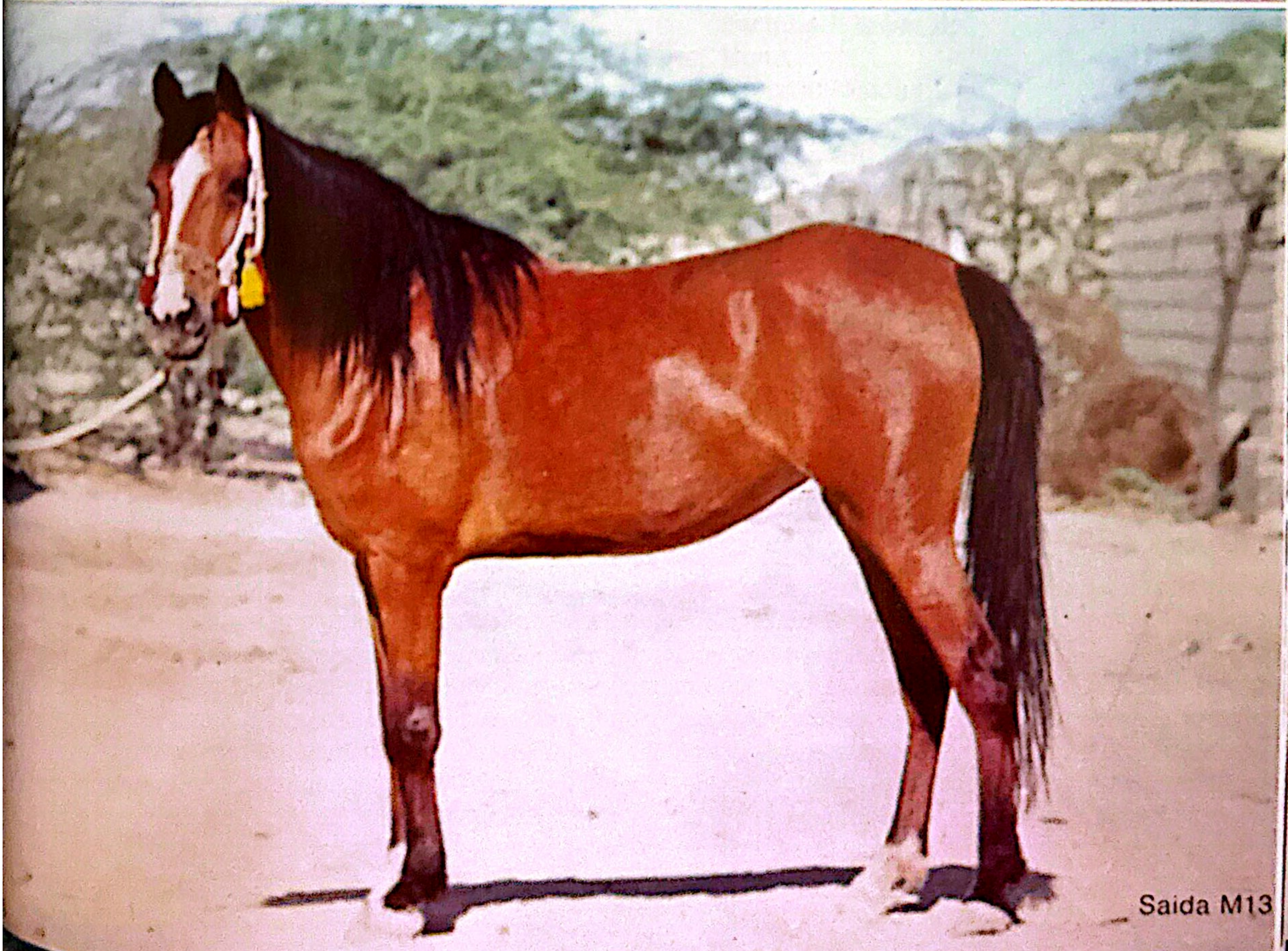
Rabdan Nr. M18 — stallion

Colour : Bay
Born : 1977
Sire : Ma'anagy El Ahmar Nr. M20
Dam : Rabda Nr. M16

Head : Small star above eye level, two diagonal whorls mid eye level.
LF : Pastern higher behind
RF : Coronet higher behind and front.
LH : Pastern higher behind
RH : Fetlock



Rabda M17



Saida M13

Rabdan Nr. M 19 — stallion

Colour:	Grey	Head :	Star, two diagonal whorls upper eye level.
Born :	1979	LF :	Pastern
Sire :	Ma'anagy El Ahmar Nr. M20	RF :	Pastern
Dam :	Rabda Nr. M1	LH :	Pastern
		RH :	Pastern

Ma'anagy
El Ahmar Nr. M20 Stud — stallion.

Colour:	Red Bay	Head :	Bordered small star with two diagonal whorls upper eye level.
Born :	1971	LF :	Coronet
Sire :	Dahman II	RF :	Half pastern
Dam :	Ma'anagieh Safra Marshoosha from Ma'anagieh Al Murra family	LH :	Coronet, ermine marks
		RH :	Inside half pastern, ermine marks.

Ma'anagieh Nr. M21 — mare

Colour:	Chestnut	Head :	Large star with arrow point to left eye, blaze touching both nostrils, fleshmark lower lip.
Born :	1967	LF :	None
Sire :	Jellaby Najib	RF :	Coronet inside half pastern outside.
Dam :	Ma'anagieh Safra Marshoosha, Ma'anagieh Al Murra family	LH :	Half cannon
		RH :	White spot inside soronet

Hamdaniah (Naga) Nr. M22 — mare

Colour:	Grey Speckled	Head :	Whorl midline eye level, small snip between nostrils, snip upper lip.
Born :	1969	LF :	None
Sire :	Hamdany Riadh	RF :	None
Dam :	Hamdaniah Saudia	LH :	White half hoof outside only
		RH :	White hoof

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Sitah

Danah Farm

The breeding program at Danah Farm is centered around the foundation mare SITAH, 'Hamdaniah Feisul' and her offspring. Sitah's history is documented from the time she was acquired as a two year old filly in 1964, at the Najd encampment of Emir Abdulla bin Saud. It was stated by the caretaker of the horse herd that Sitah was bred in Taif by Crown Prince Feisal bin Abdul Aziz, and was out of a Hamdaniah Ghiam mare of the horses of Al Saud, and by stud stallion Saqlawy El Njemy from the horses of Al Rasheed.

From Saudi Arabia Sitah accompanied her owner to Egypt. There her stable companion Sidi 'Ibn Sid Abuhum' (Namic Nr. 340 EAO studbook Vol II) was purchased in 1965. In 1967 Sitah and Sidi were transfered to Bahrain there two offspring of this union were born, Hager El Hamdan and Bint Sidi, both deceased. Other stud stallions used are recorded in the Amiri Arabian Studbook.

Since all the horses are of this Hamdaniah family, each individual has been given a 'name'.

Sitah Nr. D1 — mare

Colour : Grey Speckled
Born : 1961
Sire : Saqlawy El Njemy
Dam : Hamdaniah Ghiam

Head : Center whorl upper eye level
LF : None
LH : Circle around pastern
RF : None
RH : None

Dum-Dum Nr. D2 — stallion

Colour : Grey Speckled
Born : June 28, 1970
Sire : Krushan (El Aswed)
Dam : Sitah Nr. D1

Head : Whorl centered upper eye level feathering on cheeks to tearbone.
LF : None
LH : None
RF : None
RH : Pastern inside only.

Burkaan Nr. D3 — stallion

Colour : Red Bay
Born : May 24, 1971
Sire : Ma'anagy El Saghir Nr. 300
Dam : Sitah Nr. D1

Head : Small star, whorl upper eye level, fleshmark between nostrils.
LF : Pastern, ermine marks inside
LH : None
RF : Pastern, ermine mark outside
RH : None

Dhiab Nr. D4 — stallion

Colour	: Grey Speckled	Head	: Two whorls above eye level, right slightly higher.
Born	: April 19, 1972	LF	: Back of pastern
Sire	: Ma'anagy El Saghir Nr. 300	LH	: Back of pastern
Dam	: Sitah Nr. D1	RF	: None
		RH	: Pastern

Barraq Nr. D5 — stallion

Colour	: Grey Speckled	Head	: Whorl upper eye level.
Born	: May 29, 1974	LF	: Pastern
Sire	: Ma'anagy El Saghir Nr.300	LH	: None
Dam	: Sitah Nr. D1	RF	: Half cannon
		RH	: Half pastern higher behind

Bint Richard Nr. D 6 — mare

Colour	: Grey	Head	: Whorl mid eye level.
Born	: April 4, 1975	LF	: None
Sire	: Dahman II	LH	: Pastern
Dam	: Bint Sidi	RF	: None
		RH	: Pastern

Thaleb Nr. D7 — stallion

Colour	: Red Bay	Head	: Star, stripe extending both nostrils, two dark spots between nostril, fleshmark lower lip.
Born	: April 11, 1977	LF	: None
Sire	: Ma'anagy El Saghir Nr.300	LH	: Pastern
Dam	: Bint Sidi	RF	: Coronet
		RH	: Pastern

Sarhan Nr. D8 — stallion

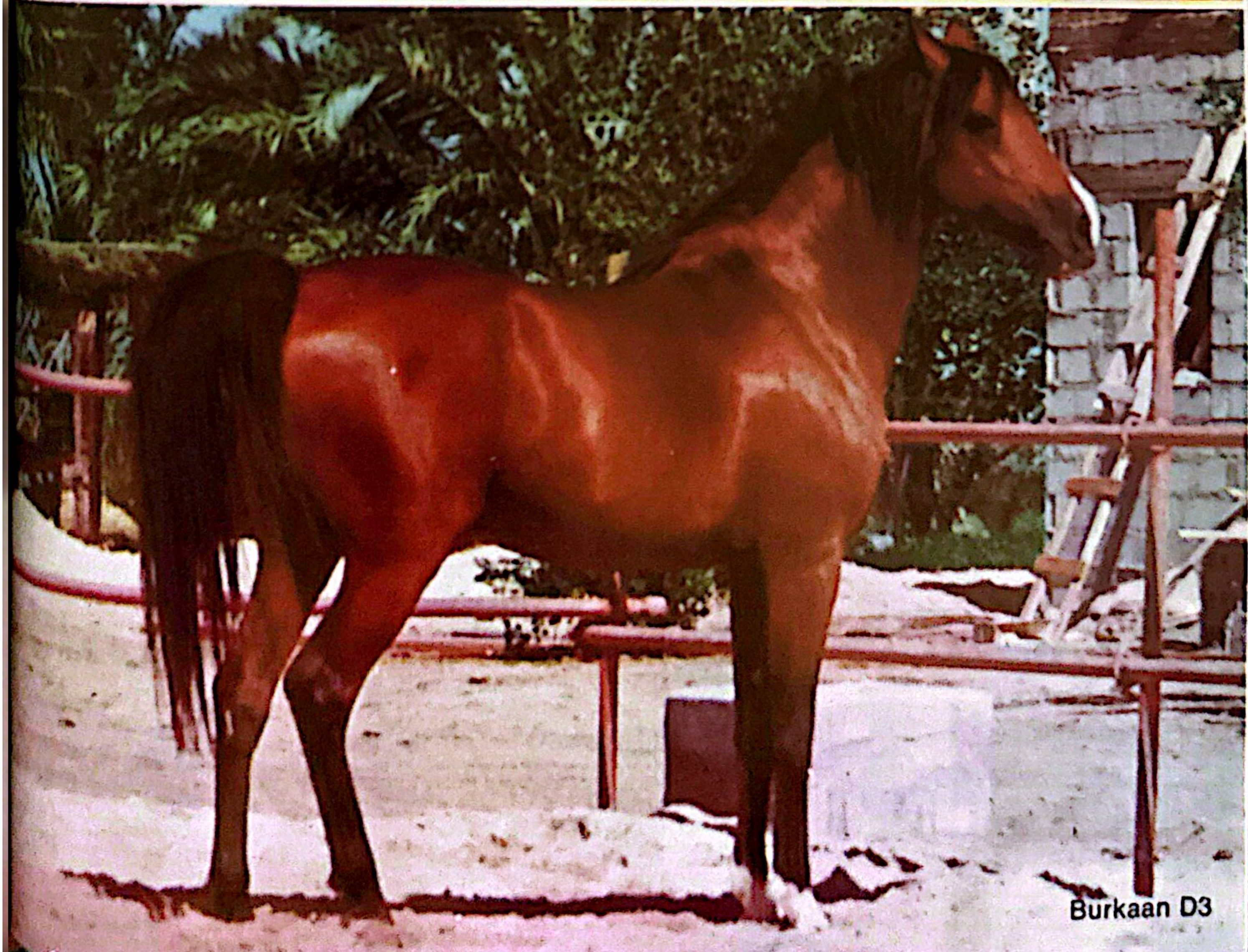
Colour	: Grey	Head	: Whorl eye level slightly left of center.
Born	: April 1, 1977	LF	: None
Sire	: Ma'anagy El Saghir Nr. 300	LH	: Pastern
Dam	: Sitah Nr.D1	RF	: None
		RH	: Pastern

Gamra Nr. D9 — mare

Colour	: Bright Bay	Head	: Elongated star, narrow stripe to right nostril.
Born	: March 11, 1979	LF	: Fetlock, ermine marks
Sire	: Jellaby Sakhir Nr. 270	LH	: Fetlock, ermine marks
Dam	: Sitah Nr. D1	RF	: None
		RH	: Fetlock, ermine marks



Dhiab D4

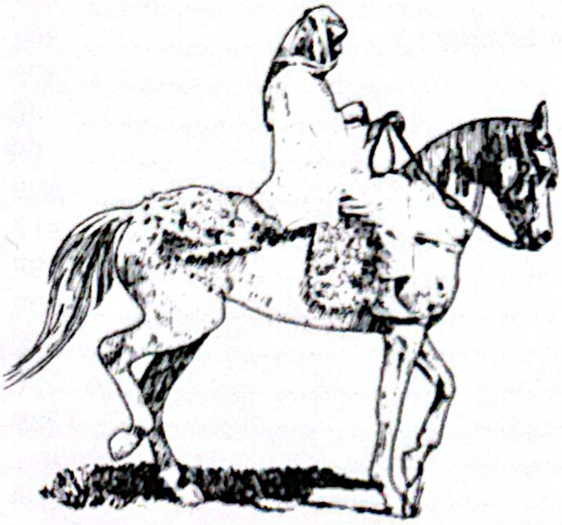


Burkaan D3

Aasaf Nr. D10 — stallion

Colour: Grey speckled
Born: : May 8, 1975
Sire : Ma'anagy El Sabhir Nr. 300
Dam : Sitah D1

Head : Large star, stripe including left nostril around, right nostril inside, muzzle and snip lower lip.
LF : None
LH : Fetlock
RF : None
RH : Fetlock



INDEX

Associate Studs :

Shaikh Mohammed bin Sulman Stud :

Danah Farm :



Shawafa 60